

Lecture #18 – Networking

**ESE 1500 – DIGITAL AUDIO BASICS**

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### LECTURE TOPICS

- × **Where are we on course map?**
- × **Networks**
  - + Communicating Between Machines
  - + Bandwidth Requirements
  - + Technology Costs
  - + Network Layering (Part 2)
    - × Transport
    - × Network (get started)
    - × More...next Monday

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### COURSE MAP – WEEK 11

Music (1)

sample (2,5)

freq (4)

psyco-acoustics (3)

compress (6)

A/D (7,8,9)

CPU

D/A

speaker

NIC

Cloud

MP3 Player / iPhone / Droid

10101001101

Numbers correspond to course weeks

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### WHAT WE'LL COVER TODAY...

- × **Established can**
  - + represent things (sound, computations, images, movies, 3D objects...) as bits
  - + Store and reconstruct from bits.
- × **If we can send bits between machines...**
  - + Communicate (from MP3 player to Cell Phone)
  - + Transport (from scanner and 3D printer to a transporter?)

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## COMMUNICATING BETWEEN MACHINES

Fundamentals of Networks

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### NETWORKED SYSTEMS

- × **Today**
  - + We expect our computers to be networked
    - × Google, wikipedia, Email, IM, ...
  - + Can work stand alone
    - × Airplane mode?
  - + But, are crippled when not connected
  - + Phone isn't a phone unless its networked

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## MINIMAL SETUP

- × **Have two computers**
  - + think raw processors for the moment
- × **Want them to communicate**
  - + Send an mp3 file from A to B

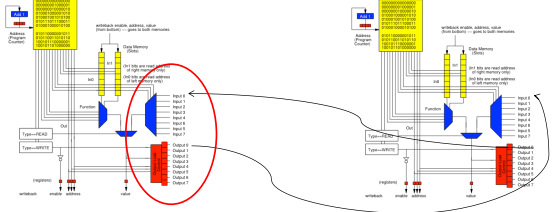


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## PHYSICAL CONNECTION

- × **Place an I/O datapath in each computer**
- × **String wire between computer's IO ports**
  - + E.g. one wire from A→B, another B→A

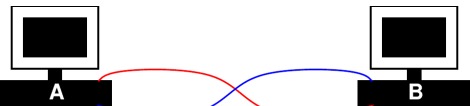


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## PHYSICAL CONNECTION

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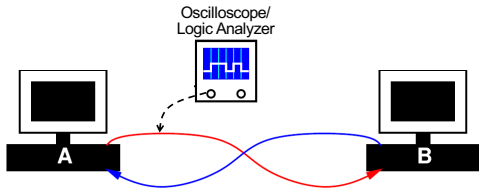


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## SIGNALING

- × **Communicate with Voltage pulses**
  - + A pulls line low (0)
  - + B senses low (0) line
- × **Data encoded as series of pulses/voltages on line**

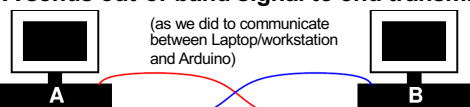


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## COMMUNICATION BASIC STEPS

1. **Start program on B to receive data (file)**
2. **Start program on A to send data (file)**
3. **B waits for valid symbols**
4. **A sends data**
5. **B receives**
6. **A sends out-of-band signal to end transmission**



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## PRECLASS 1

- × **How many computers does your laptop communicate with?**
  - + E-mail
  - + Weather
  - + Canvas, Piazza
  - + Source code repositories (svn, git, ...)
  - + eniac
  - + Web servers
    - × Seas, news, facebook, youtube, wikipedia, google, ....
  - + Spotify, iTunes, Windows Update

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## MULTIPLE TASKS – MULTIPLE WIRES?

- × Back to wired connections
- × E.g. download song and browse
  - + Could have a separate interface/wire for each application
  - + Process allocates hardware when needs to communicate

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## CONNECT TO MULTIPLE MACHINES

- × Add interface/wire for every machine want to talk to
  - + Talk to machine through its dedicated wire

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## SCALABILITY

[Source: Kopiesperre CC Share-alike 3.0  
[https://wikivisualy.com/wiki/File:Internet\\_Hosts\\_Count\\_log.svg](https://wikivisualy.com/wiki/File:Internet_Hosts_Count_log.svg)]

Internet Hosts Count

- × Do we like where this is going?
- × Hosts on Internet
- × How many things are connected to Internet?
  - + Estimate 30–50 Billion connected devices!
  - + And growing ... <https://techjury.net/blog/how-many-iot-devices-are-there>

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## HOW MANY CONNECTIONS?

- × **Conclusion:** Single wire (or radio) per host or application we want to communicate with is not going to scale
  - + need to look scalability of a network solution
- × Do we have capacity to share wires?

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## BANDWIDTH REQUIREMENTS AND COSTS

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## WIRES

- × How fast can I send data over a wire?
- × Consider a Category-5 Ethernet cable
  - + Bandwidth (bits/s)
    - × 1Gbit/s – 1000Base-T (Gigabit ethernet)
  - + Latency or transit time (distance/time)
    - × 0.64 c [c=speed of light =  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s]
    - × 0.192 m/ns or roughly 5ns/m

[image: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Cat\\_5.jpg](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Cat_5.jpg)]

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## COMPARISON: AUDIO (PRECLASS 3)

- × **Real-Time stereo (2-channel) MP3**
  - + 128Kbits/s
  - + How many can share 1Gbit/s link?
- × How long to download 3 minute song at full rate?

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## COMPARISON: VIDEO (PRECLASS 3)

- × **HDTV compressed**
  - + Around 36Mbits/s
  - + How many can share 1 Gbit/s link?

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## COSTS (PRECLASS 4)

- × **Cat 5e per foot ~ \$0.20/foot**
  - + Say \$0.60/m
  - + Raw wire
    - × Ignoring handling to run
    - × Ignoring rent/lease/buy land to run
  - + Philly → San Francisco: ~4,000km
  - + Wire cost?

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## IMPLICATIONS?

- × Today's wire bandwidth **exceeds** the throughput needs of any real-time single-stream data
  - + Can afford to share the wire
- × **Wires are not cheap**
  - + Cannot afford not to share the wire


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## SIMULATION 0

- × **Do data stream (pipeline) simulation as warmup**
- × **Think bucket brigade**
  - + Everyone picking up from one side and handing to next
  - + One item (packet) at a time
  - + All working concurrently
  - + Multiple things working way through the pipeline/brigade at a time



Graphic: Christoph Roser <https://www.allaboutlean.com/bucket-brigade-1/bucket-brigade-2>

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Part 2

## SHARING (VIRTUALIZING) CONNECTIONS

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## SHARING LINK

- × **Idea: Tag data with target**
  - + “this is for process 34”
  - + “this is for process 45”
- × **Have transport layer deal with...**
  - + Mixing data from separate streams
  - + Separating data out into individual streams
  - + Delivering to individual processes

34: and then she said...  
45: 80004010 00001200

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## PACKET

- × **Begin to form a packet**
  - + Header: says where to go
  - + Payload: the data to send
- × **Header:**
  - + Added, consumed by network handling in routing
- × **Payload:**
  - + Only thing seen by the application processes

and then she said... 34

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## PACKETS

80004010 00001200 45 and then she said... 34

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## TRANSPORT LAYER

- × **Call this the “Transport” Layer**
  - + responsible for delivering data to the individual application process on the computer

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## OSI MODEL OF A NETWORK

### The Seven Layers of OSI

- × **OSI – Open Systems Interconnection Reference Model**
  - + Developed in 1980’s; maintained by ISO
  - + Abstract different functions of a network into layers
    - Each layer only knows about layer above and below (at the interface level)
  - + Think of it like this: your “Application” doesn’t know if its on a wired or wireless network (*physical layer*)...but it knows it needs a network!

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## SIMULATION 1

- × **Send 4 verses or digits from each**
  - + from song-server-app, even-server-app
  - + to song-listener-app, even-consumer
- × All go through one wire W1
- × T1 – Transport tagging
- × T2 – Transport sorting

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## VIRTUALIZE PHYSICAL WIRES

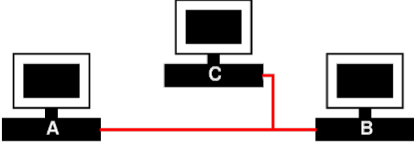
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## START SIMPLE

- × Add more computers to same pair of wires



- × All computers on wire see all the data on the wire
  - + How do computers know who the message is for?

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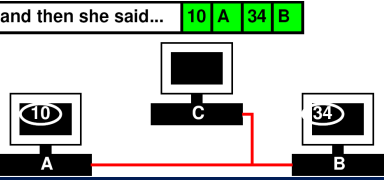
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## EXTENDED PACKET

- × Extend our packet header:
  - + Destination computer
  - + Process on destination computer
  - + Sending computer
  - + Process on sending computer

and then she said... 10 A 34 B



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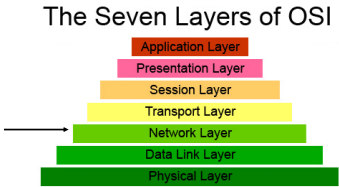
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## NETWORK LAYER

- × responsible for end-to-end (source to destination) packet delivery

The Seven Layers of OSI



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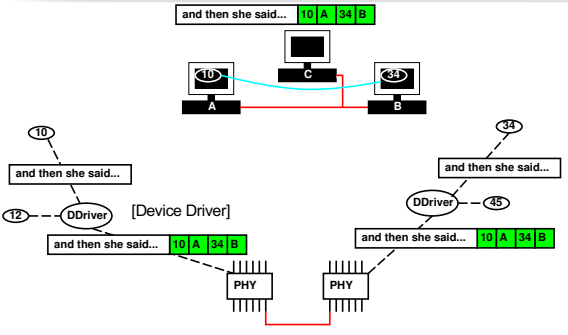
## VIRTUALIZATION EFFECT

- × Each pair of processes on different computers
  - + Has the view of a point-to-point connection
  - + Each process, thinks it "owns the network" and has a dedicated connection to the other node

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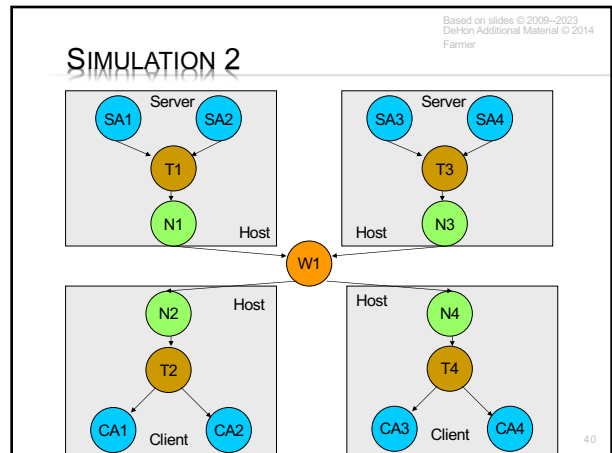
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## SIMULATION 2

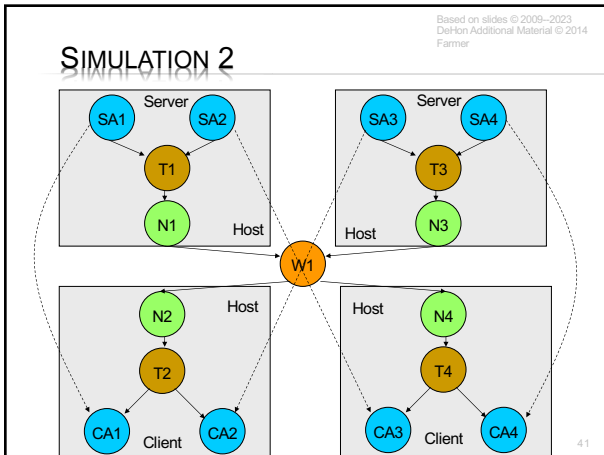
- ✦ **Send 4 verses or digits from each**
  - + from song server serving 2 verses
  - + And digit-server serving 2 fundamental constants (or number sequence)
  - + To two physical clients

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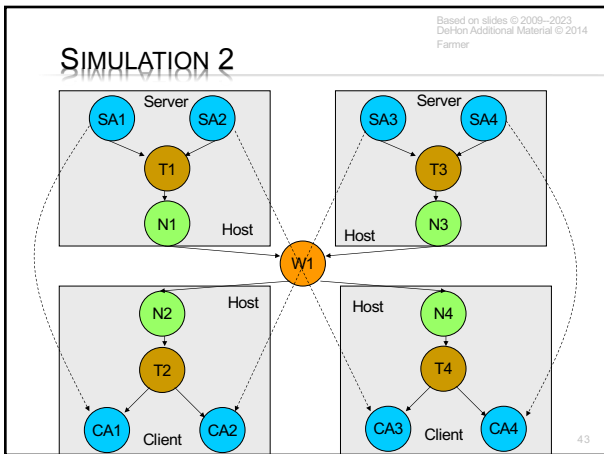
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## SIMULATION 2

- ✦ **N1, N3**
  - + Add network-layer source/destination packet headers
- ✦ **W1 – Wire**
  - + Duplicate packets to both destinations
  - + Simulate shared wire
- ✦ **N2, N4**
  - + Look at network-layer source/destination header
  - + Discard packets not destined for this computer

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## MORE TO COME (NEXT TIME)

- ✦ **Routing** – machines not directly connected
- ✦ **Routing Delays**
- ✦ **Data Ordering**
- ✦ **(Un)Reliability**
  - + Data corruption
  - + Packet Loss
  - + Data Duplication
- ✦ **TCP/IP**

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## BIG IDEAS

- × **Sharing – Network interface, wires**
  - + Previously gates, processor, memory
- × **Virtualization – datastream abstracts physical point-to-point link**
- × **Layering**
  - + Abstracts media and implementation
  - + Decomposes functionality

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## NEXT WEEK IN LAB

- × **Lab 10:**
  - + Look at naming, addressing, network diagnostics, ...
  - + Including a packet sniffer!
    - × ...see all the bits on the network you aren't supposed to see!
    - × Get an appreciation for what is going on, on the lower network layers

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## LEARN MORE @ PENN

- × **Courses**
  - + ESE4070 – Intro Networks and Protocols
  - + CIS5530 – Networked Systems
  - + CIS5490 – Wireless Mobile Communications

**The Seven Layers of OSI**

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## REMEMBER

- × **Feedback**
- × **Lab 9 today**
- × **OS part 2 (simulations) on Wednesday**
  - + Ezra Thomas to lead (André out)

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