

ESE370: Circuit-Level Modeling, Design, and Optimization for Digital Systems

Lec 23: November 1, 2021
Driving Large Capacitive Loads



Today

- ❑ Back to CMOS today
- ❑ How do we drive a large capacitive load?
 - Stages and buffer sizing
 - Minimum delay

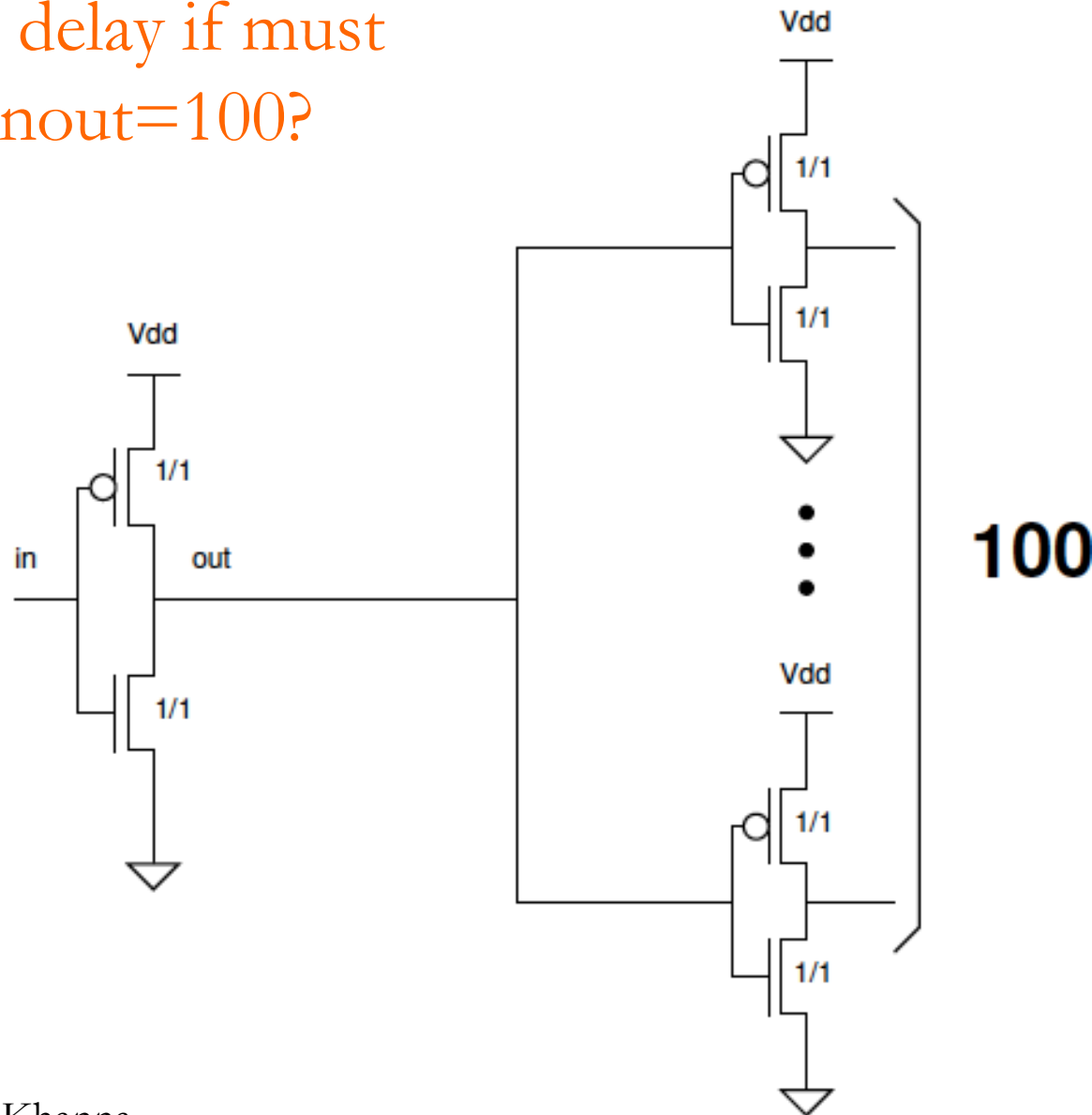


Message

- ❑ To drive large loads
 - Scale buffers geometrically
 - Exponential scale up in buffer size
- ❑ Scale factor: 3—4 typically
 - One origin of FO4 target
- ❑ Drains contribute capacitance too (C_{diff})
- ❑ Can formulate sizing to optimize

Call back: Large Fanout Delay

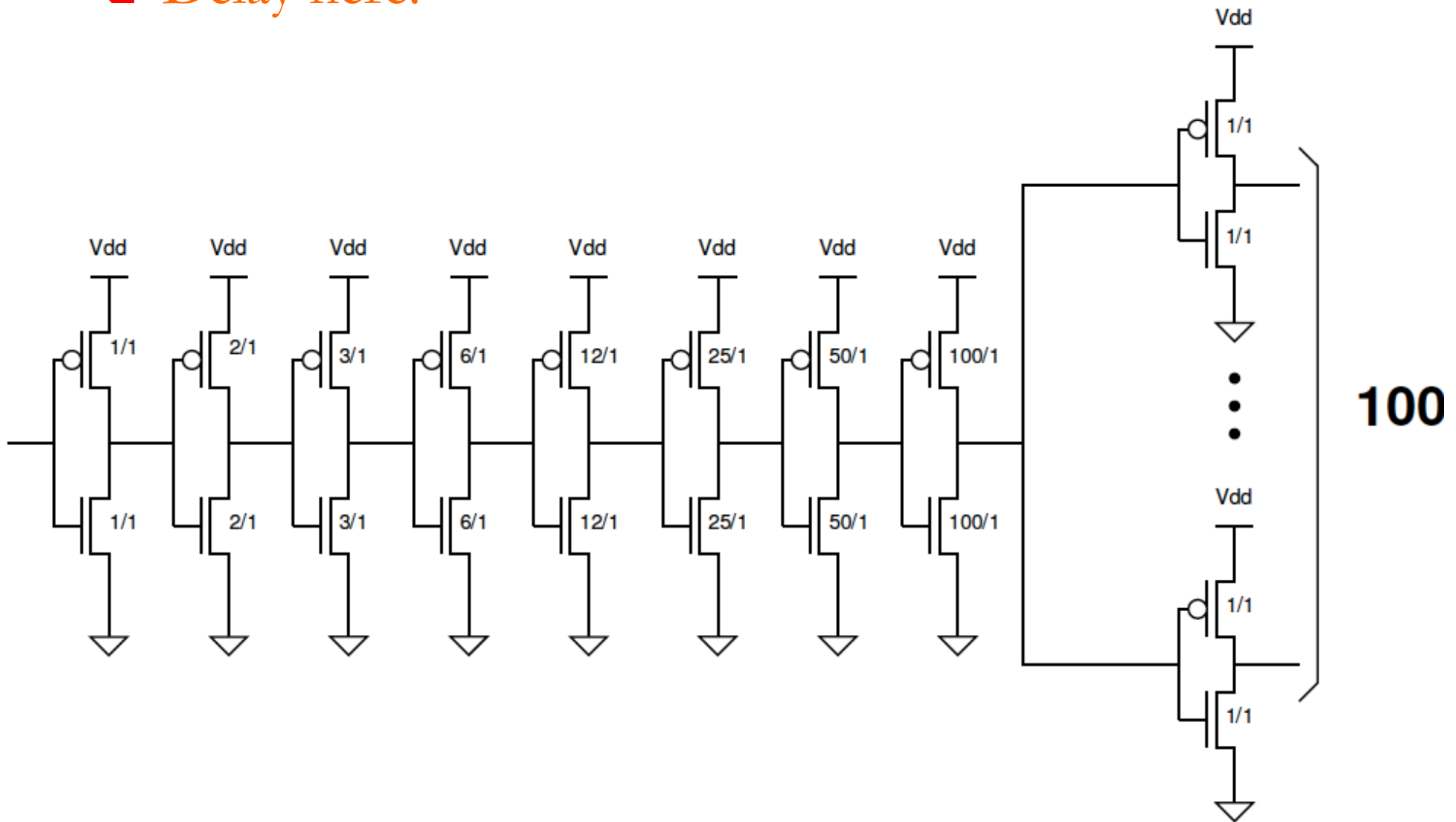
- What is delay if must drive fanout=100?





Call back: ...and Again

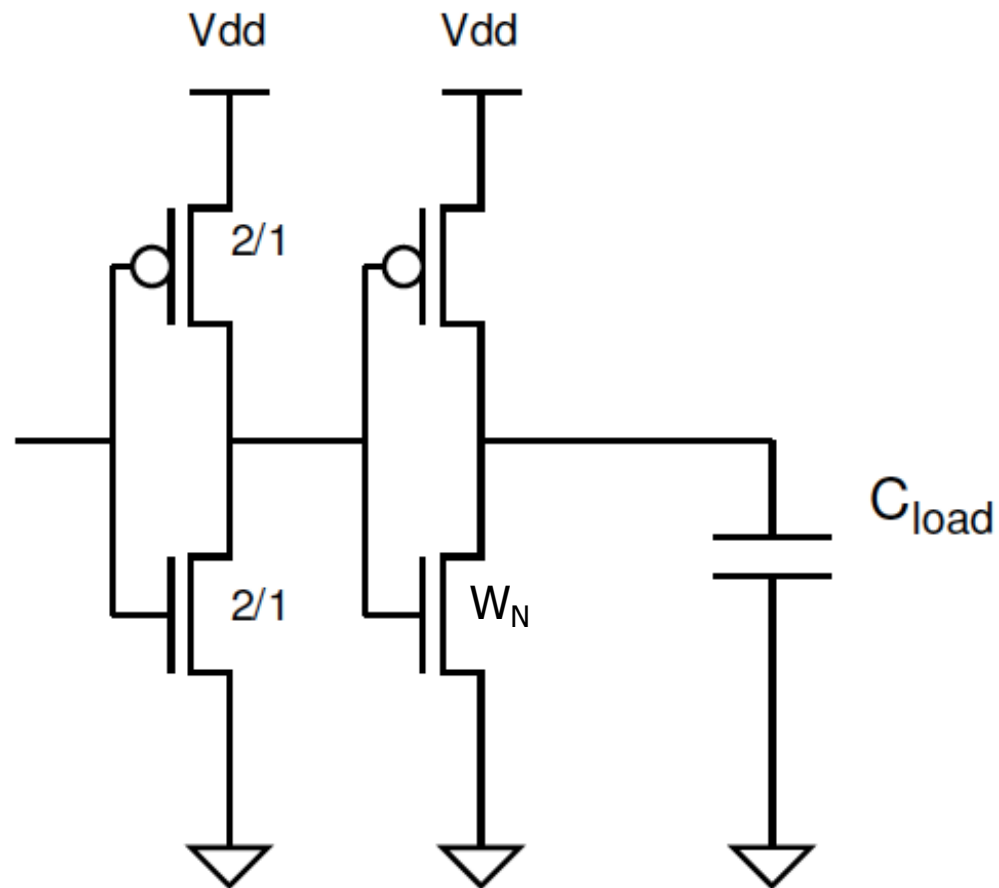
□ Delay here?



Start $C_{\text{diff}}=0$

One Stage (Preclass 1)

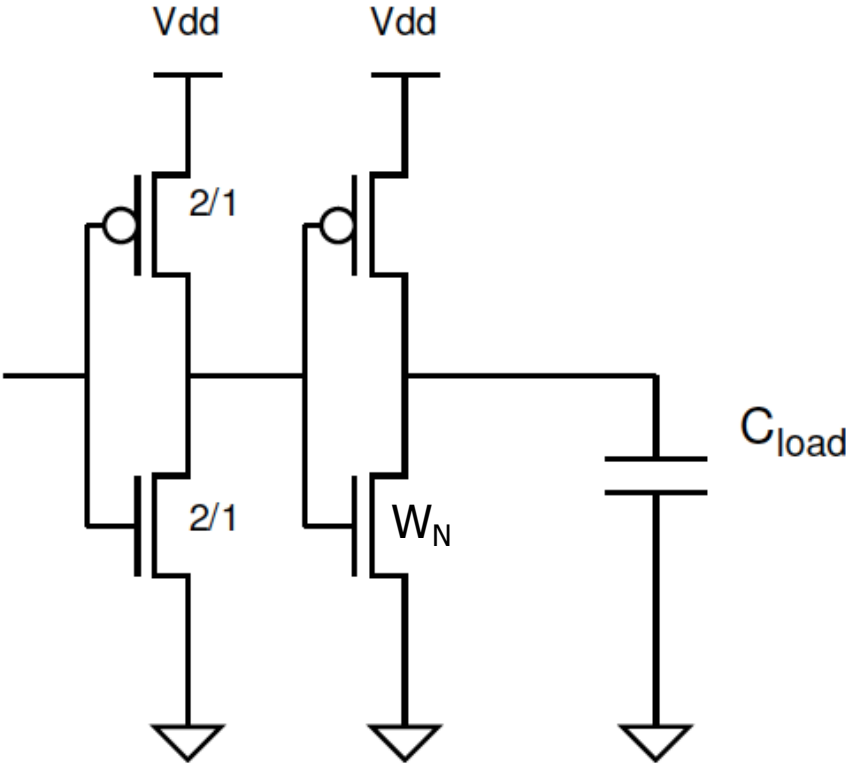
- How do we size to minimize delay?





One Stage (Preclass 1)

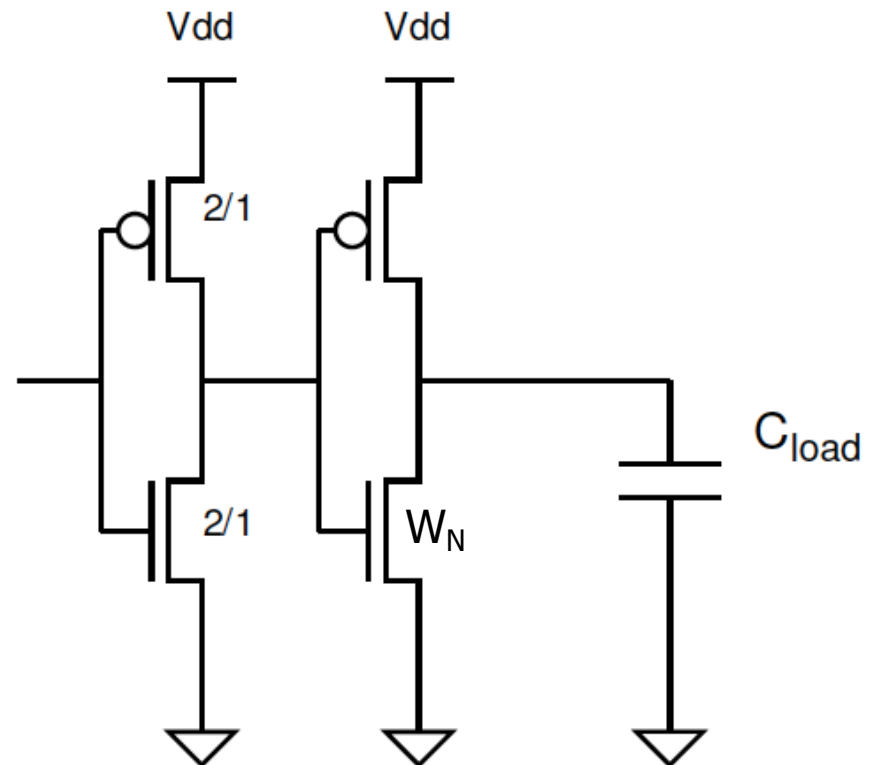
□ Delay equation?



One Stage (Preclass 1)

□ Delay equation?

$$\text{delay} = \frac{R_0}{2} 2W_N \cdot C_0 + \frac{R_0}{W_N} \cdot C_{load}$$



Minimize (Preclass 1)

$$\text{delay} = R_0 W_N \cdot C_0 + \frac{R_0}{W_N} \cdot C_{load}$$

- Differentiate and set to zero

$$R_0 C_0 - \frac{R_0}{W_N^2} \cdot C_{load} = 0$$

- What's W_N ?



Minimize

$$delay = R_0 W_N \cdot C_0 + \frac{R_0}{W_N} \cdot C_{load}$$

- Differentiate and set to zero

$$R_0 C_0 - \frac{R_0}{W_N^2} \cdot C_{load} = 0$$

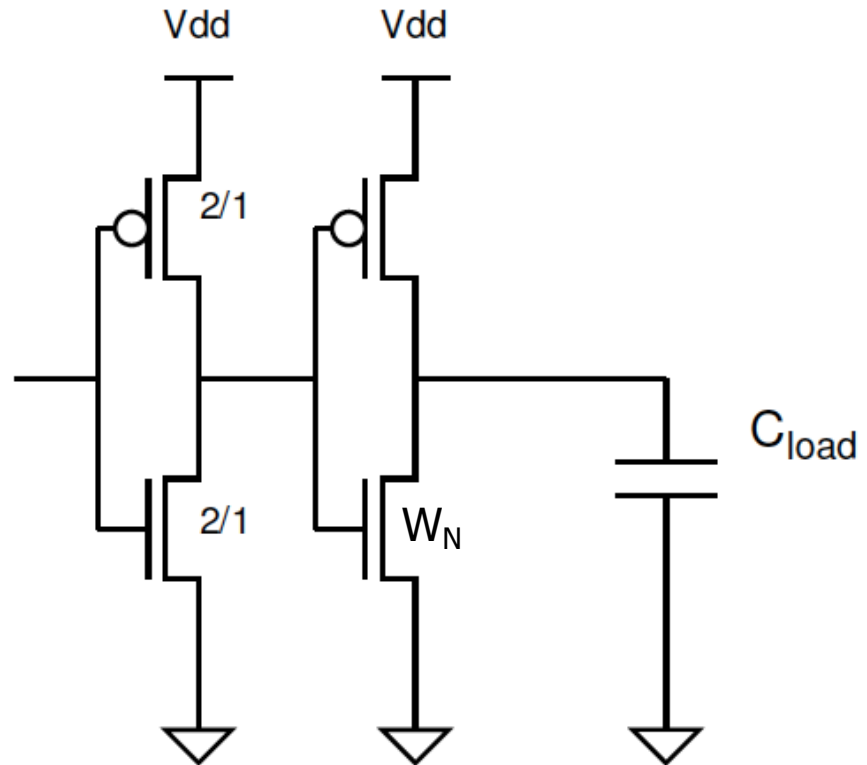
- What's W_N ?

$$W_N^2 = \frac{C_{load}}{C_0} \quad W_N = \sqrt{\frac{C_{load}}{C_0}}$$

Concrete?

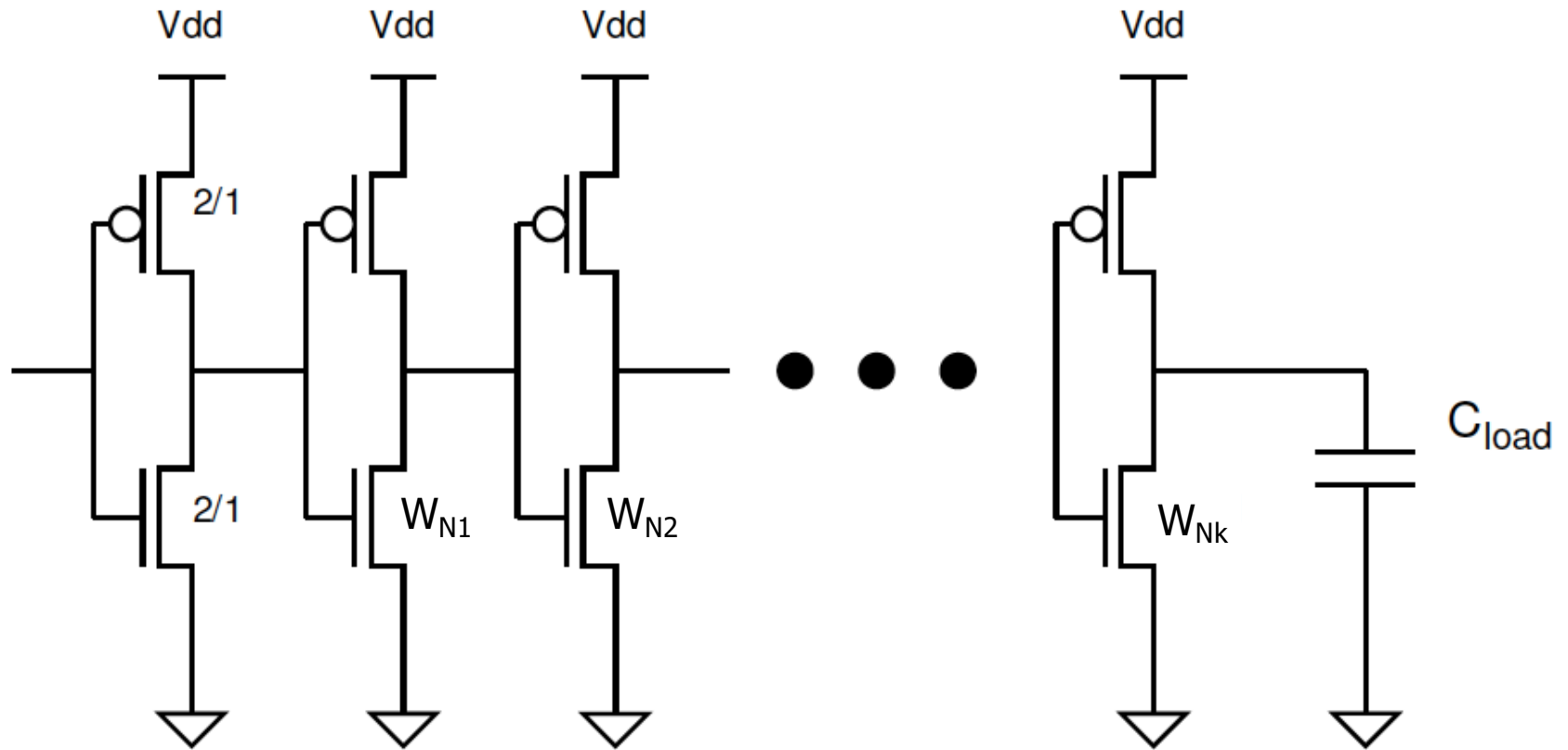
- What is W_N for $C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$?

$$W_N = \sqrt{\frac{C_{load}}{C_0}}$$

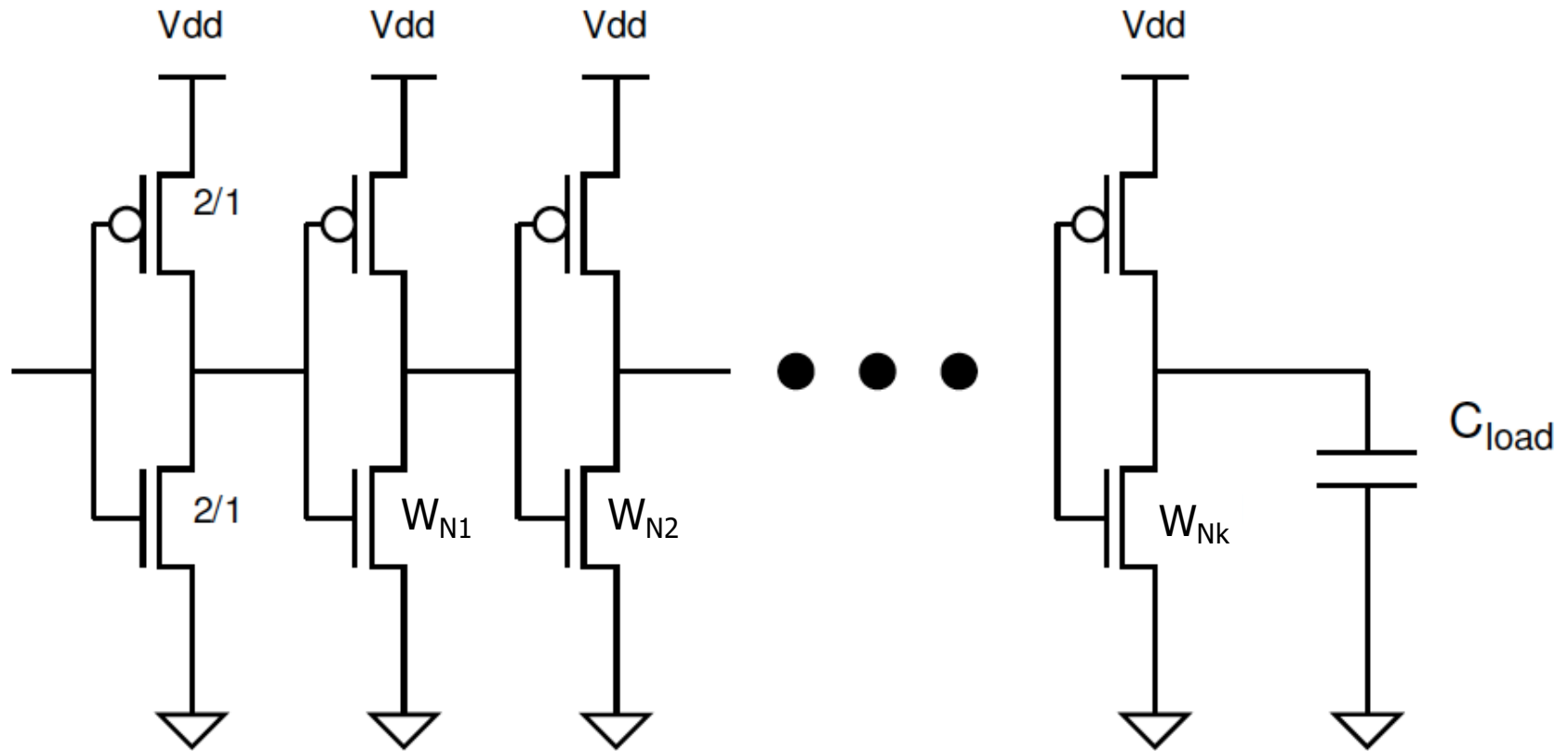




k-stage (Preclass 2)



k-stage Delay (Preclass 2)



$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$



Size W_{Ni} to minimize delay (Preclass 2)

□ How do we minimize?

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

Size W_{Ni} to minimize delay (Preclass 2)

- Take partial derivative with respect to W_{Ni} and set $= 0$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

$$2\tau \left(0 + 0 + 0 + \dots + \frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} - \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{(W_{Ni})^2} + \dots + 0 \right) + 0 = 0$$

Size W_{Ni} to minimize delay (Preclass 2)

- Take partial derivative with respect to W_{Ni} and set $= 0$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

$$2\tau \left(0 + 0 + 0 + \dots + \frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} - \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{(W_{Ni})^2} + \dots + 0 \right) + 0 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}^2} \rightarrow \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}}$$



Delay

- **Conclude:** at optimal sizing, **ratio** of stages is same:

$$\frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}^2} \rightarrow \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}}$$



Delay

□ Call that ratio ρ

$$\rho = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}}$$



Stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$



Stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \times C_{load} \right)$$



Stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \times C_{load} \right)$$

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$



Stage Delay

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

Two math simplifications: 1) to relate ρ and k , 2) total delay in terms of ρ and k



Stage Delay

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$\left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}}\right) \left(\frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}}\right) \cdots \left(\frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}}\right) \left(\frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}}\right) \cdots \left(\frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}}\right) \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)} = \rho^{k+1}$$



Stage Delay

$$\rho^{k+1} = \frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \rightarrow \rho = \sqrt[k+1]{\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}}$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$



Total Delay

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \times C_{load} \right)$$

Total Delay (Preclass 2)

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \times C_{load} \right)$$

$$\textit{TotalDelay} = 2\tau(k+1)\rho$$



Total Delay

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1)\rho$$

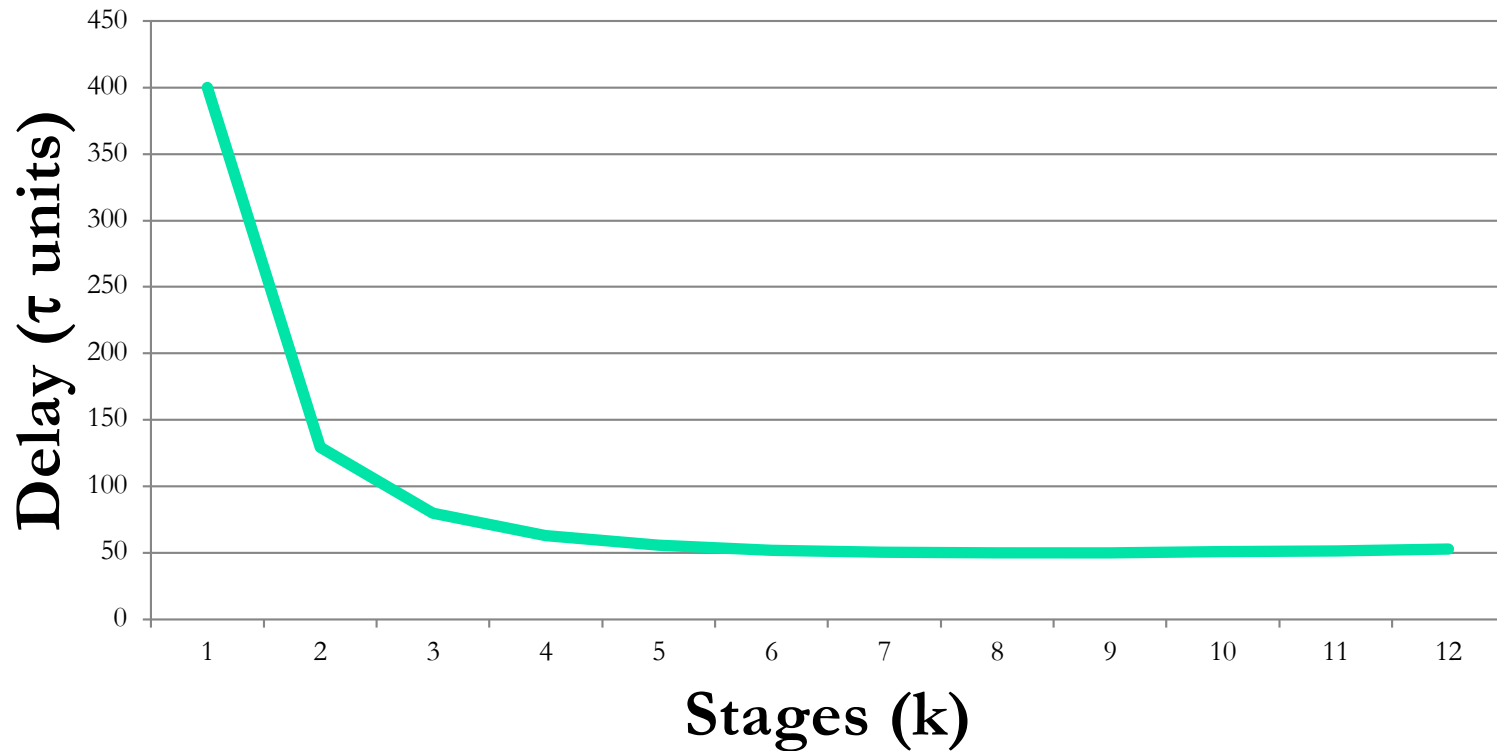
$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$



Plot Delay vs. k ($C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k + 1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

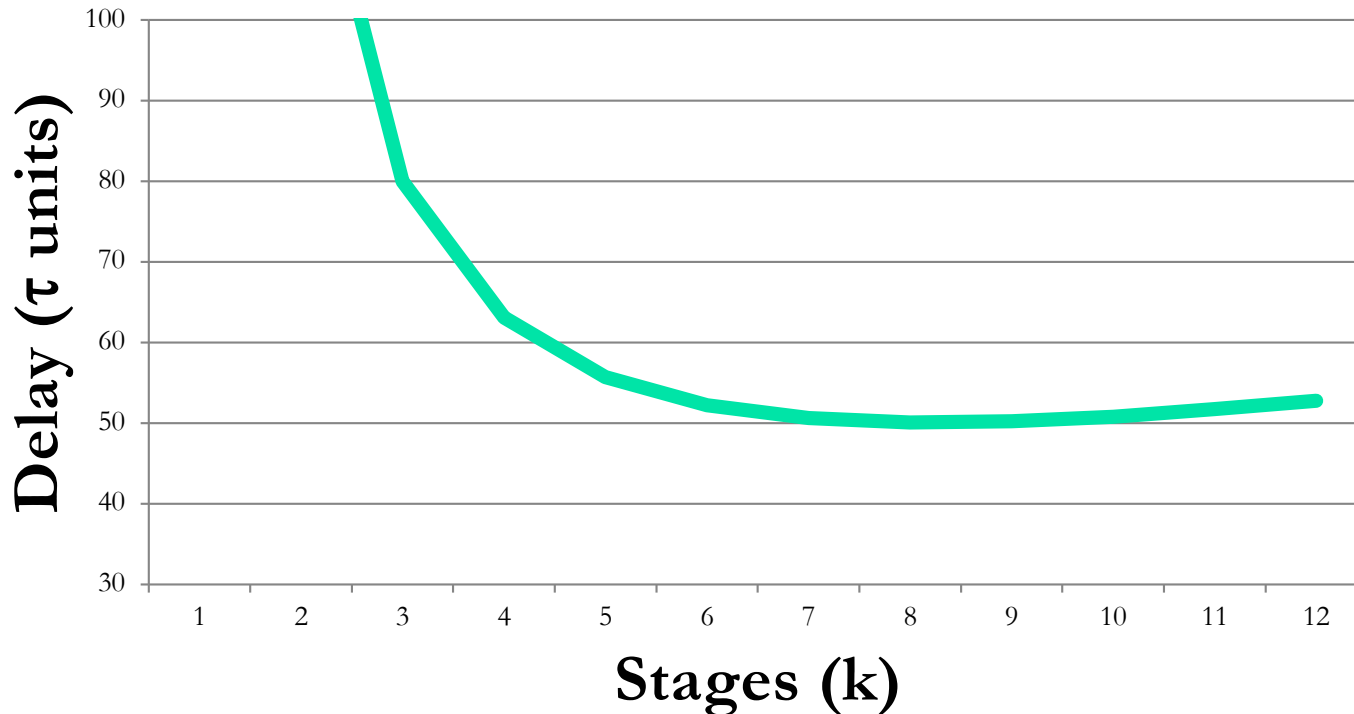
Delay vs. Number of Stages



Zoom: Plot Delay vs. k ($C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

Delay vs. Number of Stages



Minimize (Preclass 3)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

$$0 = 2\tau \left[\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} - (k+1) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\frac{d(b^x)}{dx} = \ln(b) \cdot b^x$$
$$\frac{d(1/x)}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

Minimize (Preclass 3)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

$$0 = 2\tau \left[\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} - (k+1) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$0 = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right) \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{d(b^x)}{dx} = \ln(b) \cdot b^x$$
$$\frac{d(1/x)}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$k = \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) - 1$$



Concrete (Preclass 3)

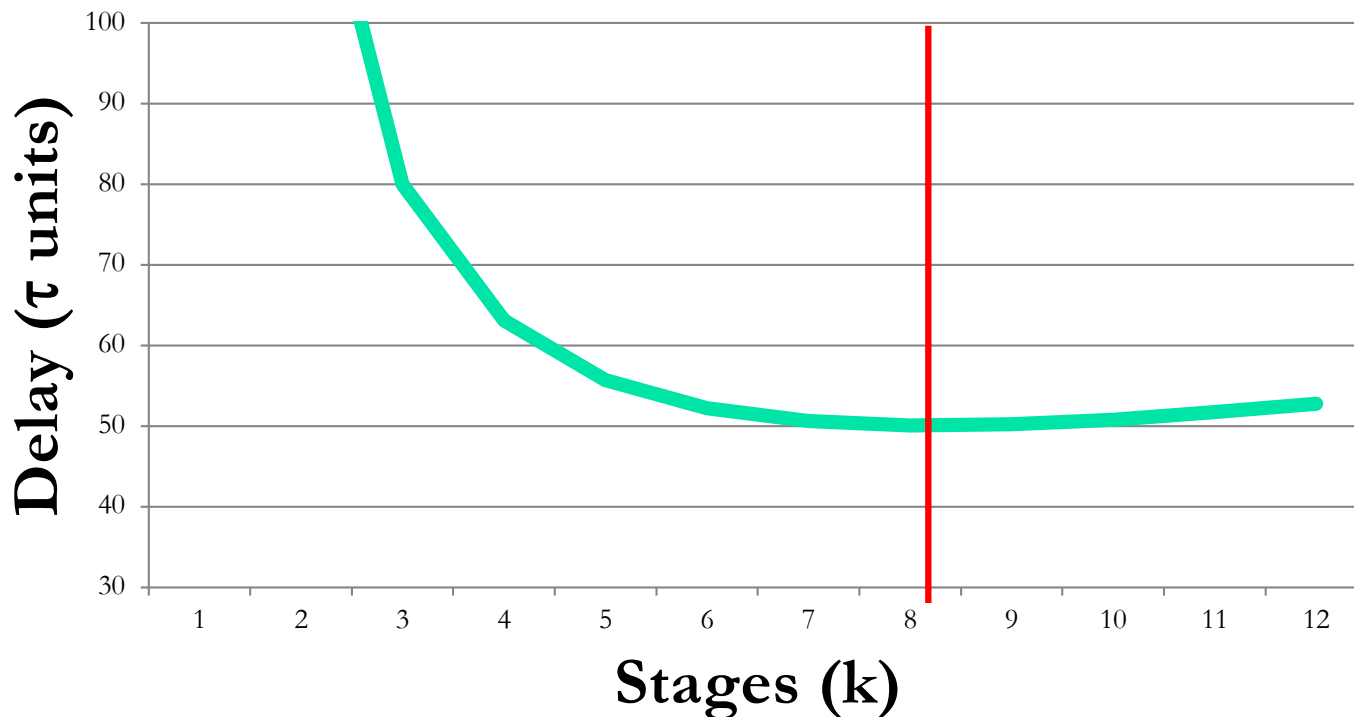
□ What is optimal k for $C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$?

$$k = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right) - 1$$

Zoom: Plot Delay vs. k ($C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

Delay vs. Number of Stages





Optimum Scale Up

- For optimum delay

$$k = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right) - 1$$

- What is ρ ?

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1}\right)}$$



Optimum Scale Up

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{\ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)} \right)} = (Y)^{\left(\frac{1}{\ln(Y)} \right)}$$



Optimum Scale Up

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{\ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)} \right)} = (Y)^{\left(\frac{1}{\ln(Y)} \right)}$$

$$\ln(\rho) = \frac{1}{\ln(Y)} \ln(Y) = 1$$

$$\rho = e$$

Call Back: Total Delay

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \times C_{load} \right)$$

$$\boxed{TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1)\rho}$$



Delay at Optimum

$$k = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right) - 1 \qquad \rho = e$$

$$*TotalDelay = 2\tau(k + 1)\rho*$$

Delay at Optimum (Preclass 3)

$$k = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right) - 1 \quad \rho = e$$

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k + 1)\rho$$

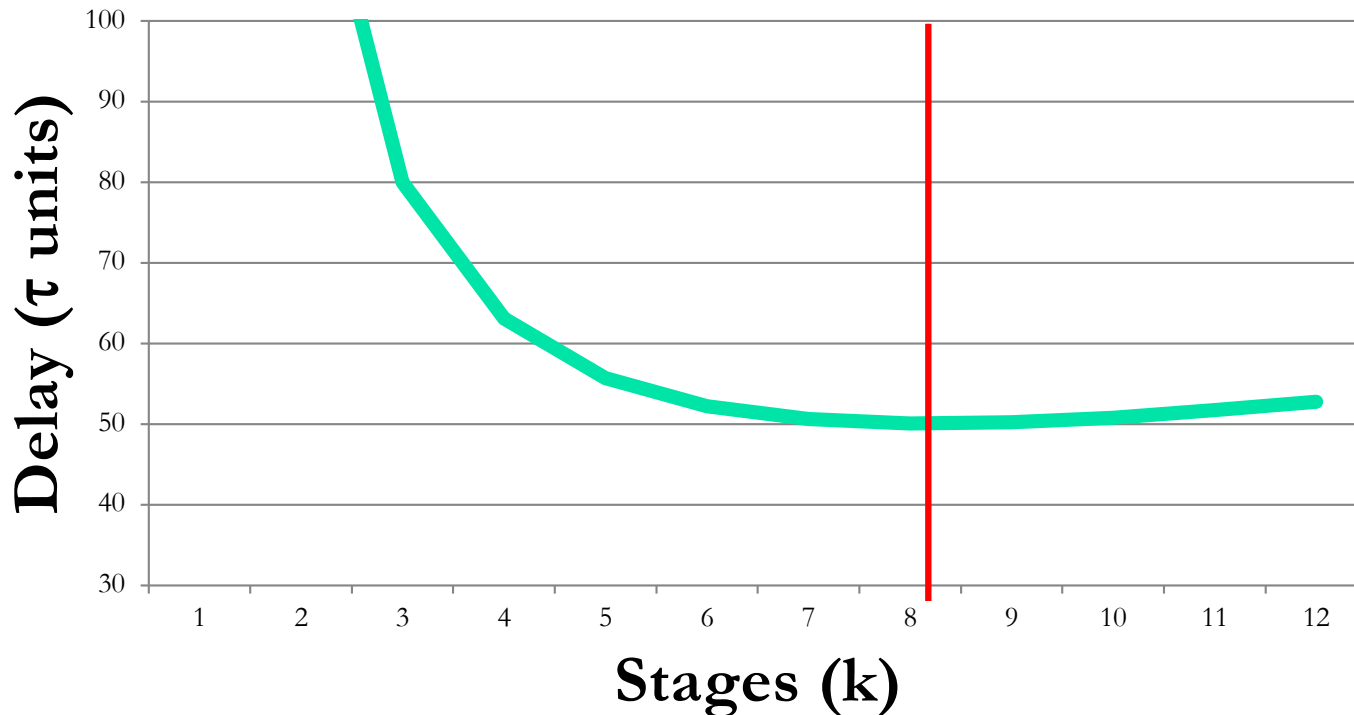
$$TotalDelay = 2\tau \cdot \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right) \cdot e$$

- What is optimal delay for $C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$ in tau units?

Zoom: Plot Delay vs. k ($C_{load} = 4 \times 10^4 C_0$)

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

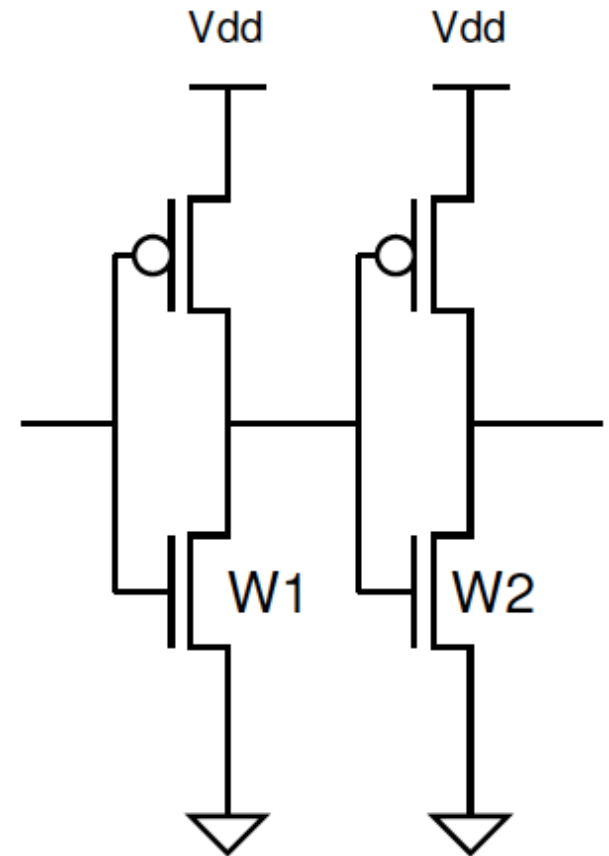
Delay vs. Number of Stages



$$C_{\text{diff}} = \gamma C_{\text{gate}}$$

Diffusion Capacitance (Preclass 4)

- What does this do to τ model?
 - Delay of middle stage cascade?



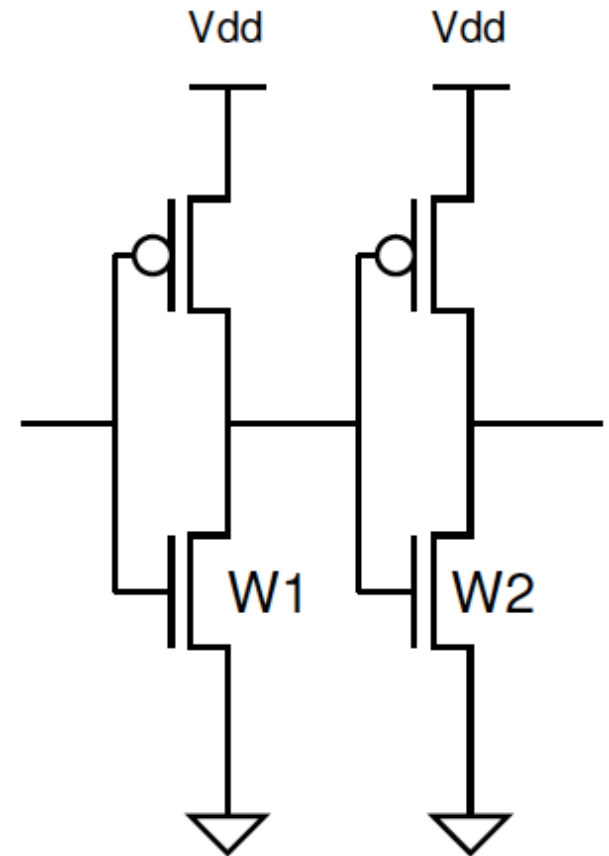
Diffusion Capacitance (Preclass 4)

- What does this do to τ model?
 - Delay of middle stage cascade?

$$\text{delay}_{W_1 \rightarrow W_2} = \left(\frac{R_0}{W_1} \right) (2W_1 \cdot C_{diff0} + 2W_2 \cdot C_0)$$

$$\text{delay}_{W_1 \rightarrow W_2} = 2 \left(\frac{R_0}{W_1} \right) (W_1 \cdot \gamma C_0 + W_2 \cdot C_0)$$

$$\text{delay}_{W_1 \rightarrow W_2} = 2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_2}{W_1} \right)$$

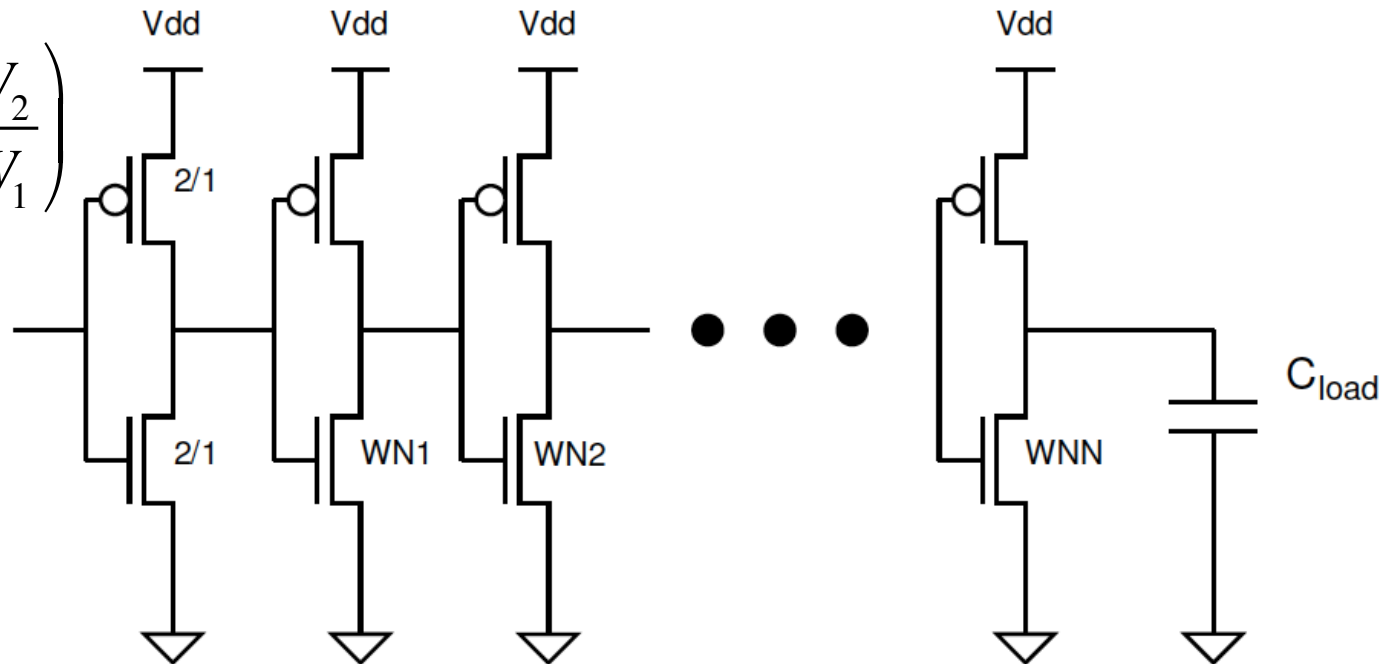




k-stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$

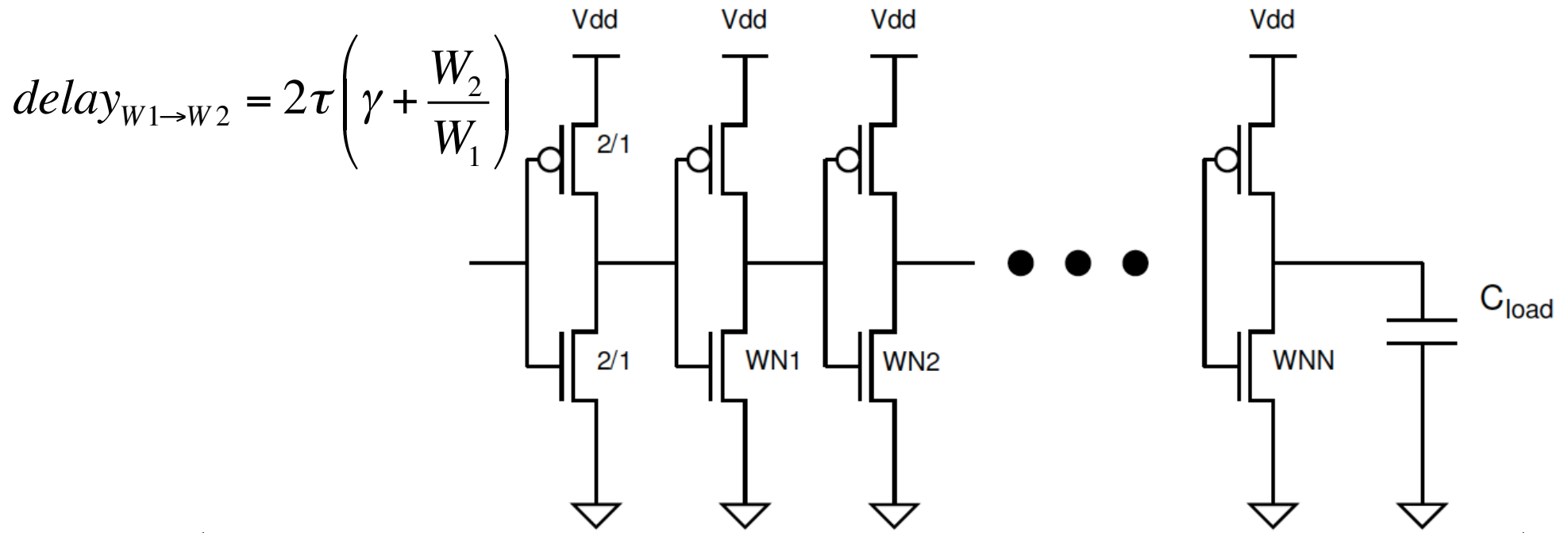
$$delay_{W1 \rightarrow W2} = 2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_2}{W_1} \right)$$





k-stage Delay (Preclass 4)

$$2\tau \left(\frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} \times C_{load}$$



$$2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$



k-stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) \\ + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$



k-stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} C_{load} + 2\tau\gamma$$



k-stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} C_{load} + 2\tau\gamma$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau W_{Nk}} C_{load} + \gamma \right)$$



k-stage Delay

$$2\tau \left(\gamma + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \gamma + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \gamma + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} (C_{load} + 2\gamma W_{Nk} C_0)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} \right) + \frac{R_0}{W_{Nk}} C_{load} + 2\tau\gamma$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma k + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau W_{Nk}} C_{load} + \gamma \right)$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma(k+1) + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$

Size W_{Ni} to minimize delay

□ Take partial derivative with respect to $W_{Ni} = 0$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma(k+1) + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$

$$2\tau \left(0 + 0 + 0 + \dots + \frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} - \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{(W_{Ni})^2} + \dots + 0 \right) + 0 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}^2} \rightarrow \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}}$$



Impact on Minimum W_{Ni} ?

- Partial derivative unchanged

$$2\tau \left(\gamma(k+1) + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$

What does this say about ρ ?



Stage Delay: ρ unchanged (for fixed k)

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

Stage Delay: ρ unchanged (for fixed k)

$$\rho = \frac{W_{N1}}{2} = \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} = \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} = \frac{C_{load}}{W_{Nk} (2C_0)}$$

$$\rho = \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)}$$

$$2\tau \left(\gamma(k+1) + \frac{W_{N1}}{2} + \frac{W_{N2}}{W_{N1}} + \frac{W_{N3}}{W_{N2}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Ni}}{W_{N(i-1)}} + \frac{W_{N(i+1)}}{W_{Ni}} + \dots + \frac{W_{Nk}}{W_{N(k-1)}} + \frac{R_0}{2\tau \cdot W_{Nk}} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$

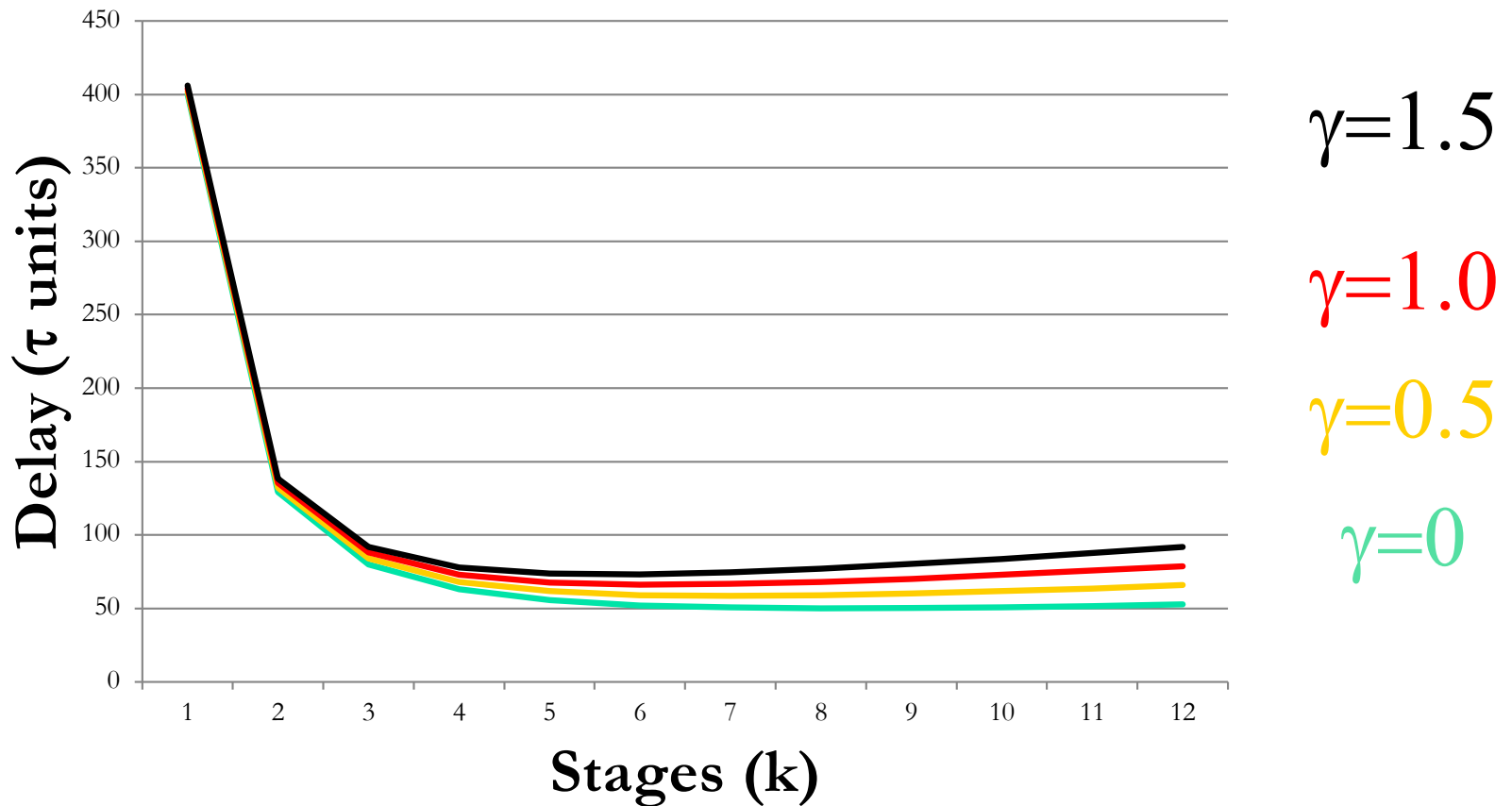
$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1)(\rho + \gamma)$$

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} + \gamma \right)$$



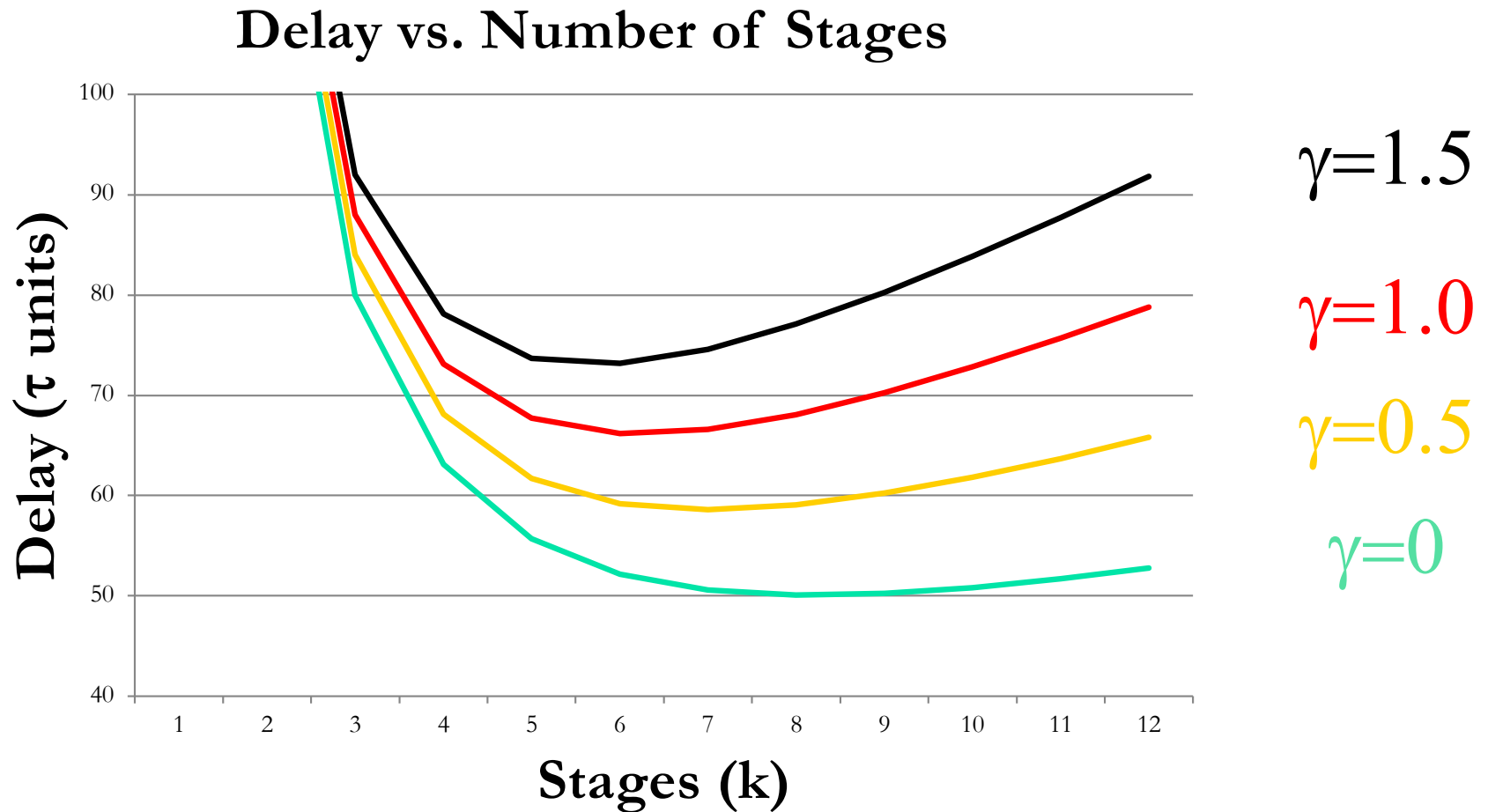
Impact of Gamma

Delay vs. Number of Stages





Impact of Gamma





Minimize

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1)(\rho + \gamma)$$

$$TotalDelay = 2\tau(k+1) \left(\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} + \gamma \right)$$

$$0 = 2\tau \left[\gamma + \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} - (k+1) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)} \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$0 = \gamma + \rho - (k+1) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) \rho \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right)^2$$

$$\gamma + \rho = \ln \left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0} \right) \left(\frac{1}{k+1} \right) \rho$$



Solve

$$\gamma + \rho = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)\left(\frac{1}{k+1}\right)\rho$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1 = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)\left(\frac{1}{k+1}\right)$$



Solve

$$\gamma + \rho = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)\left(\frac{1}{k+1}\right)\rho$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1 = \ln\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)\left(\frac{1}{k+1}\right)$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1 = \ln\left(\left(\frac{C_{load}}{4C_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{k+1}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1 = \ln(\rho)$$



Optimal Staging Any γ

$$\rho = e^{\left(\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1\right)}$$



ρ and γ ? (Preclass 4)

- $\rho=4$ is optimal for what γ ?
- $\rho=3$ is optimal for what γ ?

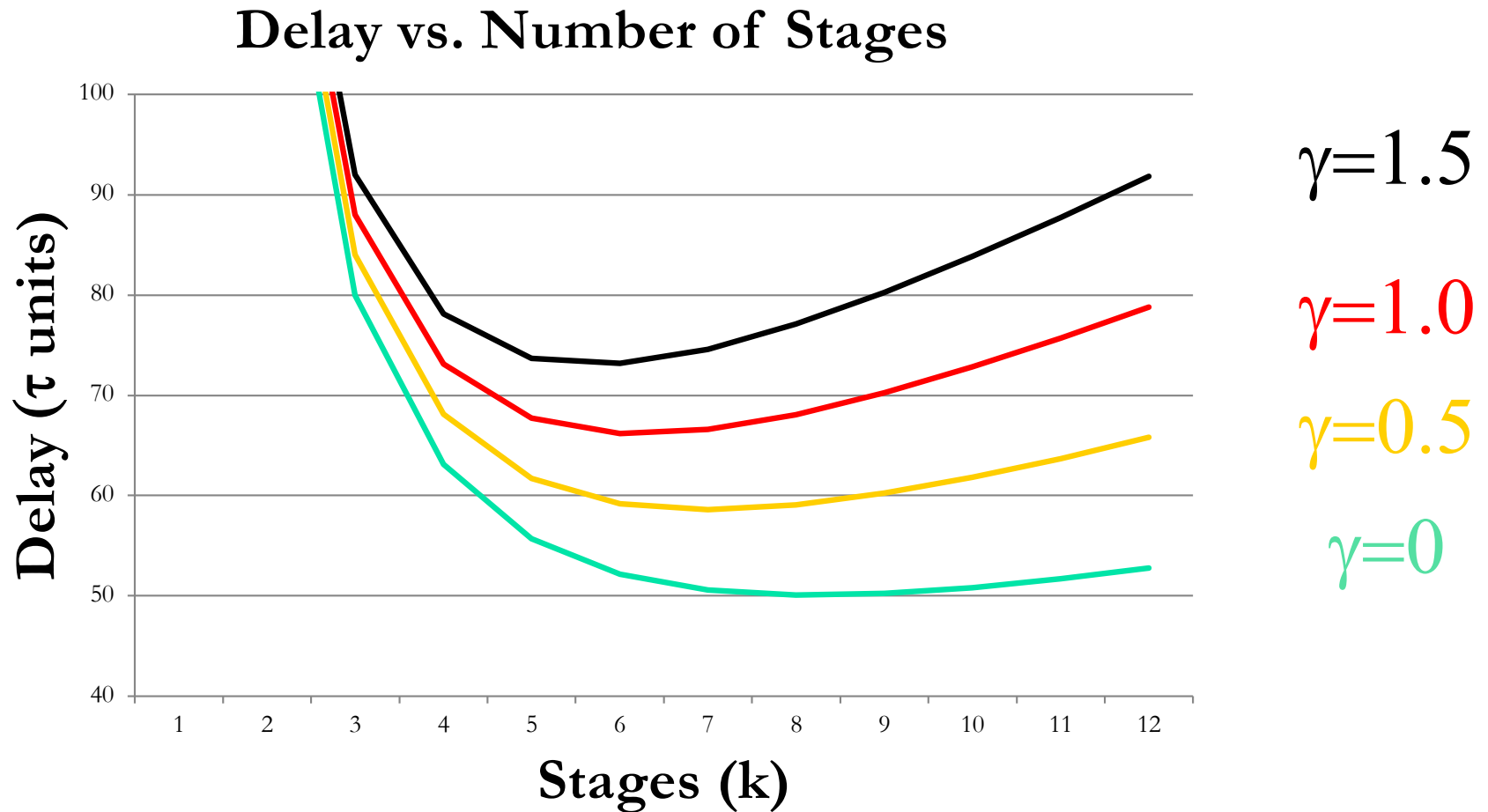
$$\rho = e^{\left(\frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1\right)}$$

$$\ln \rho = \frac{\gamma}{\rho} + 1$$

$$\rho \ln \rho - \rho = \gamma$$



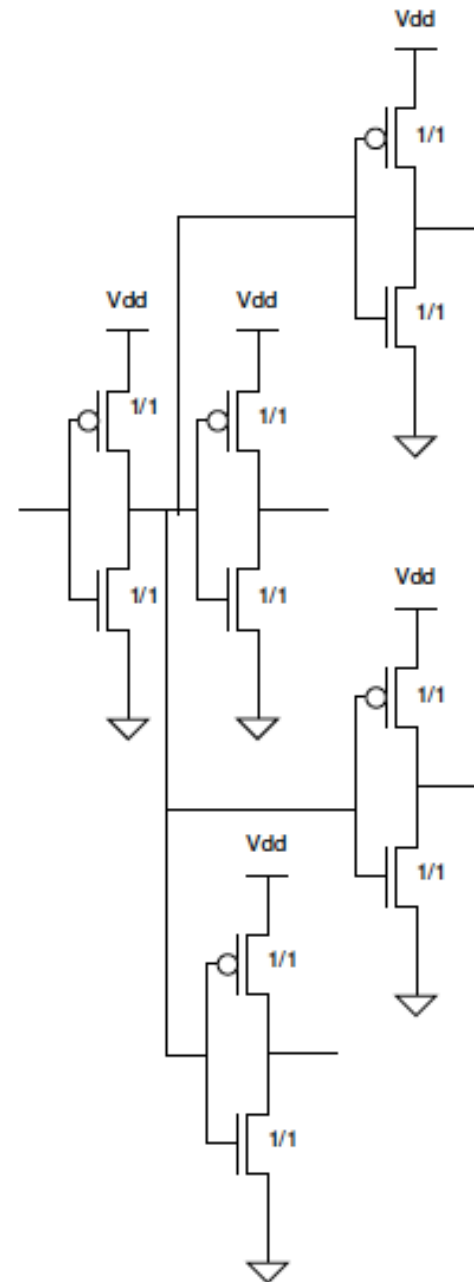
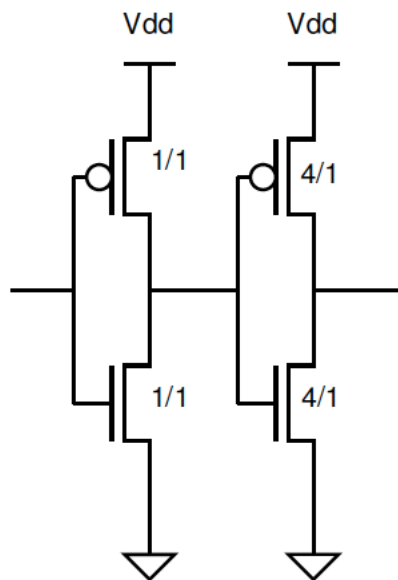
Impact of Gamma





Optimal Fanout

- ❑ Clearer why we use $\rho=4$ as our benchmark?





Idea

- ❑ To drive large loads
 - Scale buffers geometrically
 - Exponential scale up in buffer size ($\rho = e$)
- ❑ Scale factor: 3—4 typically
 - One origin of fanout 4 target
- ❑ Drains contribute capacitance too (C_{diff})
- ❑ Can formulate sizing to optimize



Admin

- ❑ Wednesday 11/3 Midterm 2 (next week)
 - 7-9pm DRLB 3C2
 - Lectures 1-22
 - Closed note, calculator allowed
 - All old exams online
 - focus on 2015-2019 ← taught in person by me
 - Study them!
 - Felicity review session
 - Monday 11/1 @ 3:30, link in Piazza
- ❑ HW 6 posted 11/3