

ESE370: Circuit-Level Modeling, Design, and Optimization for Digital Systems

Lec 35: December 8, 2021

Repeaters in Wiring



Previously

- ❑ Transmission line (LC wire) wire delay scales linearly with length
- ❑ (Unbuffered) RC wire delay scales quadratically with length

Reminder: Wire Delay

□ Wire N units long:

$$= R_{\text{unit}} * C_{\text{unit}} * N^2 / 2$$

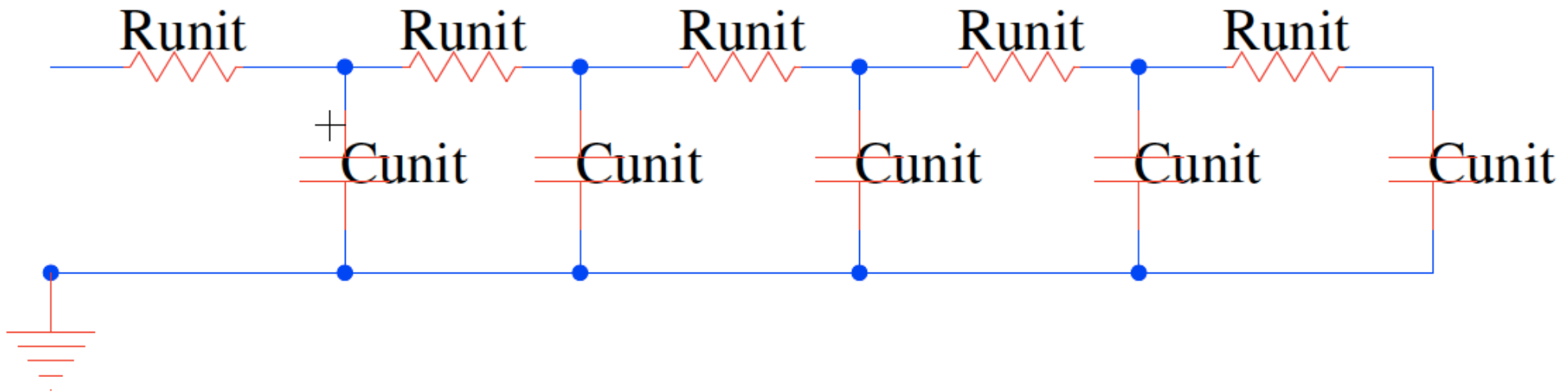
$$R_{\text{wire}} = N \times R_{\text{unit}}$$

$$C_{\text{wire}} = N \times C_{\text{unit}}$$

□ With

■ $R_{\text{unit}} = 1\text{k}\Omega$

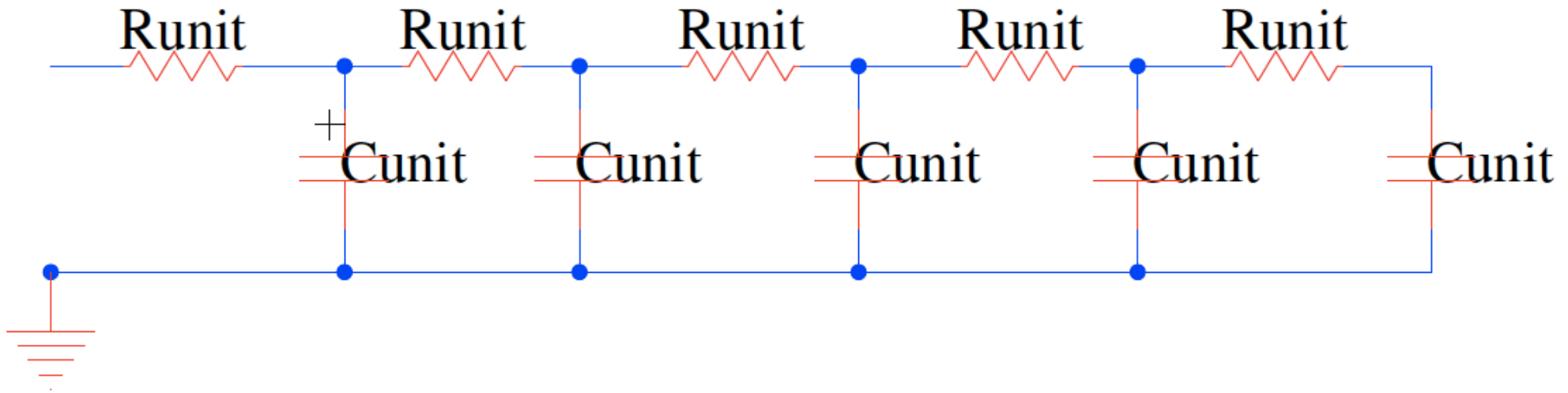
■ $C_{\text{unit}} = 1\text{pF}$





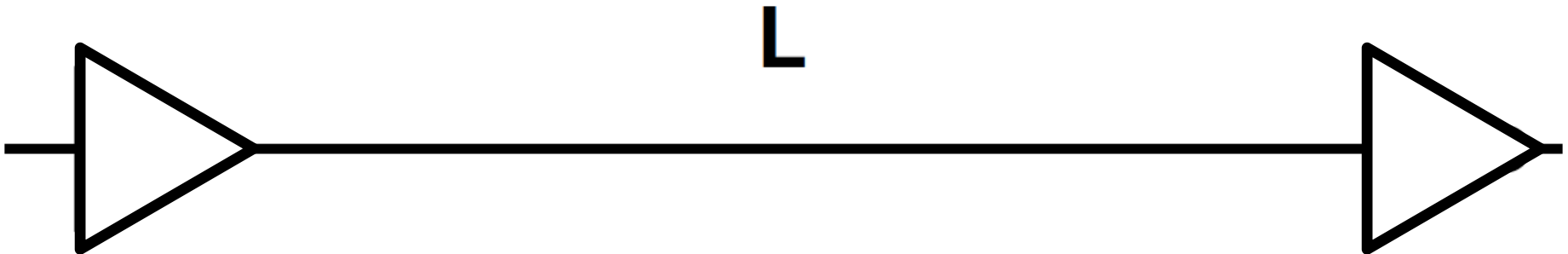
Today: Back to RC Wire

- RC (on-chip) Interconnect Buffering



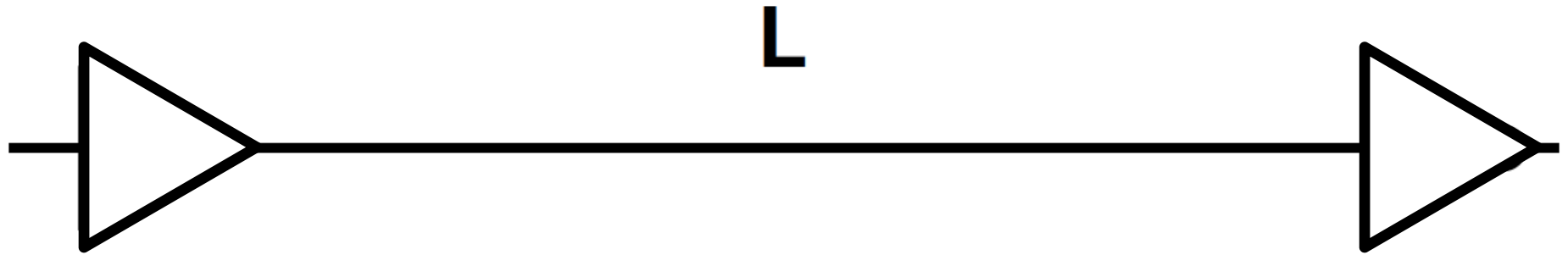
Delay of Wire (preclass 1)

- ❑ Long Wire: 1mm
- ❑ $R_u = 60\text{K } \Omega$ per 1mm of wire
- ❑ $C_u = 0.16 \text{ pF}$ per 1mm of wire
- ❑ Driven by buffer ($R_0 = 25\text{K}\Omega$, $C_0 = 0.01 \text{ fF}$)
 - $R_{\text{buf}} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
 - $C_{\text{self}} = 0.02 \text{ fF}$
- ❑ Loaded by identical buffer





Formulate Delay (preclass 1)



Delay of buffer driving wire?



Calculate Delay

- ❑ $C_{\text{load}} = 2 C_0 = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $R_{\text{buf}} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- ❑ $C_{\text{self}} = 0.02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $C_{\text{wire}} = L * C_u = .16\text{pF}$
- ❑ $R_{\text{wire}} = L * R_u = 60\text{K } \Omega$

$$R_{\text{buf}} \times (C_{\text{self}} + C_{\text{wire}} + C_{\text{load}}) + 0.5R_{\text{wire}} \times C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} \times C_{\text{load}}$$

Calculate Delay

- $C_{load} = 2 C_0 = .02\text{fF}$
- $R_{buf} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- $C_{self} = 0.02\text{fF}$
- $C_{wire} = L * C_u = .16\text{pF}$
- $R_{wire} = L * R_u = 60\text{K } \Omega$

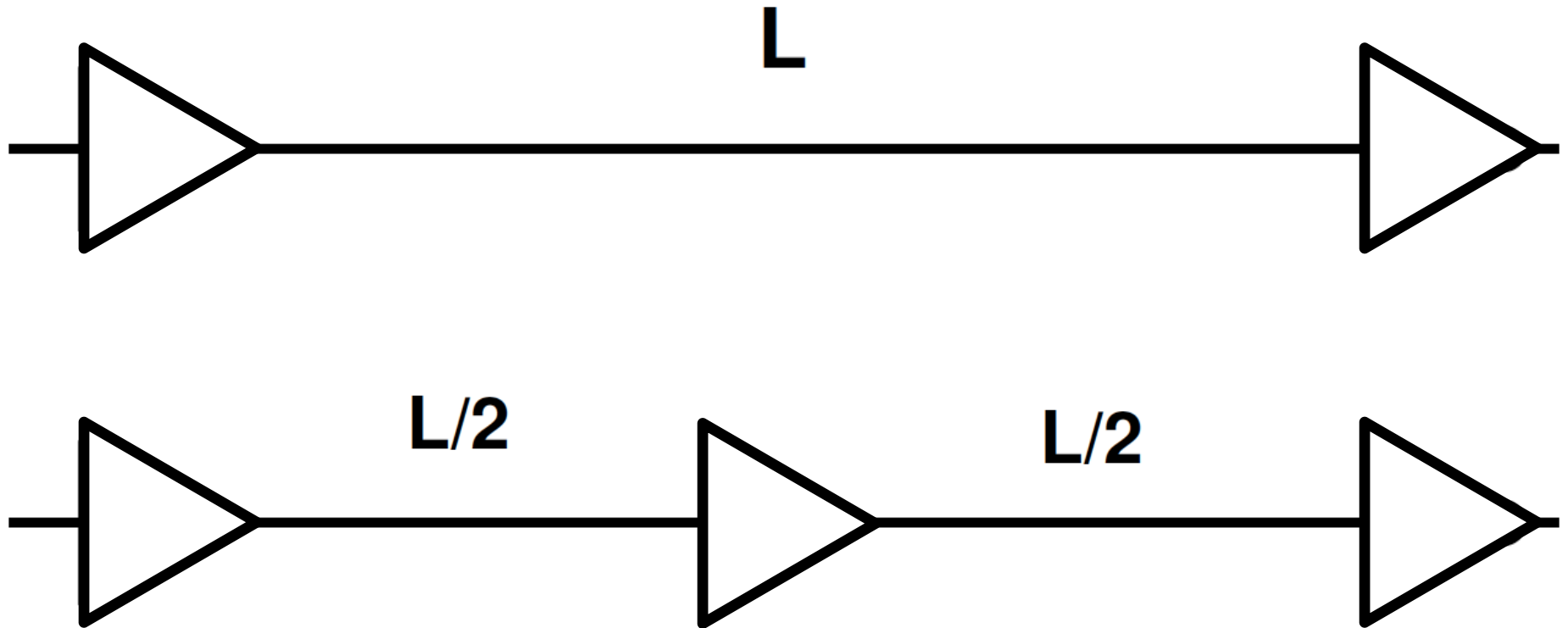
8.8ns

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$

$$4\text{ns} + 4.8\text{ns} + 1.2\text{ps}$$

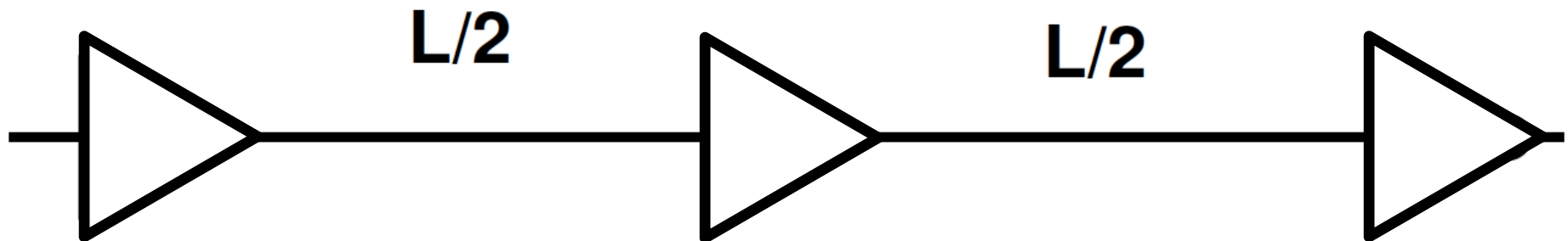


Buffering Wire



Buffering Wire: L/2

- ❑ $C_{\text{load}} = 2 C_0 = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $R_{\text{buf}} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- ❑ $C_{\text{self}} = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $C_{\text{wire}} = L/2 * C_u = .08\text{pF}$
- ❑ $R_{\text{wire}} = L/2 * R_u = 30\text{K } \Omega$

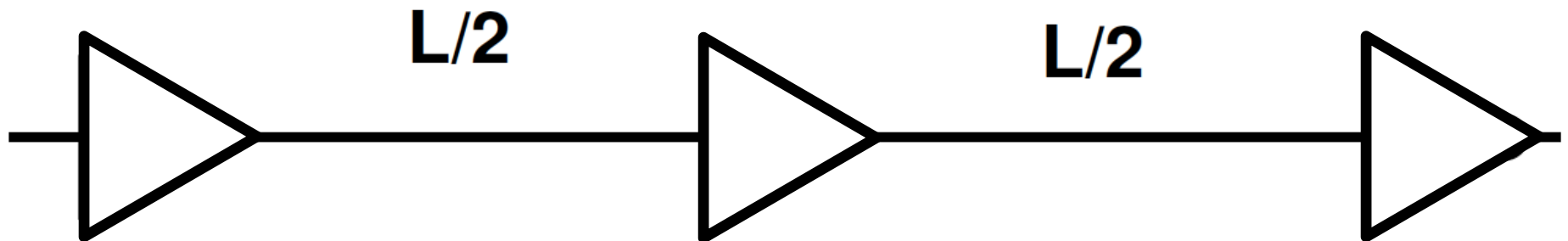


Buffering Wire: L/2

- ❑ $C_{load} = 2 C_0 = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $R_{buf} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- ❑ $C_{self} = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $C_{wire} = L/2 * C_u = .08\text{pF}$
- ❑ $R_{wire} = L/2 * R_u = 30\text{K } \Omega$

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$

$$2ns + 1.2ns + .6ps = 3.2ns$$

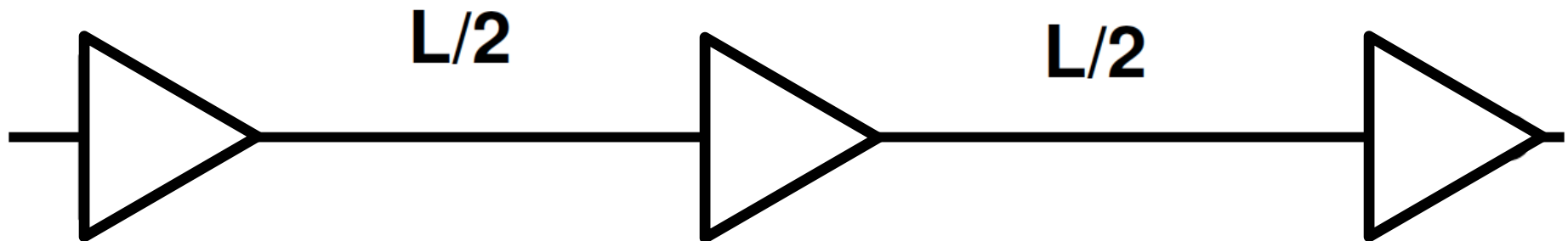


Buffering Wire: L/2

- ❑ $C_{load} = 2 C_0 = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $R_{buf} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- ❑ $C_{self} = .02\text{fF}$
- ❑ $C_{wire} = L/2 * C_u = .08\text{pF}$
- ❑ $R_{wire} = L/2 * R_u = 30\text{K } \Omega$

6.4ns

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$
$$2ns + 1.2ns + .6ps = 3.2ns$$



Buffering Wire: L/N (preclass 2)

Wire of Length	Delay (ns)	Number in 1mm (N)	Total Delay for 1mm (ns)
1 mm	8.8ns	1	8.8ns
0.5mm	3.2ns	2	6.4ns
0.1mm		10	
0.01 mm		100	
0.001 mm		1000	

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$

Buffering Wire: L/N (preclass 2)

Wire of Length	Delay (ns)	Number in 1mm (N)	Total Delay for 1mm (ns)
1 mm	8.8ns	1	8.8ns
0.5mm	3.2ns	2	6.4ns
0.1mm	0.45ns	10	4.5ns
0.01 mm	.041ns	100	4.1ns
0.001 mm	.005ns	1000	5ns

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$



N Buffers (preclass 3)

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$

□ Delay Equation for N buffers?

N Buffers (preclass 3)

$$R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{wire} + C_{load}) + 0.5R_{wire} \times C_{wire} + R_{wire} \times C_{load}$$

□ Delay Equation for N buffers?

$$N \left(R_{buf} \left(C_{self} + \frac{C_{wire}}{N} + C_{load} \right) + 0.5 \left(\frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot \frac{C_{wire}}{N} \right) + \frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$



N Buffers

□ Delay Equation for N buffers?

$$N \left(R_{buf} \left(C_{self} + \frac{C_{wire}}{N} + C_{load} \right) + 0.5 \left(\frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot \frac{C_{wire}}{N} \right) + \frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot C_{load} \right)$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} \left(C_{self} + \frac{C_{wire}}{N} + C_{load} \right) + N \cdot 0.5 \left(\frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot \frac{C_{wire}}{N} \right) + N \cdot \frac{R_{wire}}{N} \cdot C_{load}$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} \left(C_{self} + C_{load} \right) + R_{buf} \times C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$



Minimize Delay (preclass 4)

- Minimize delay?

Minimize Delay (preclass 4)

- Minimize delay
- Derivative with respect to N

$$N \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} \times C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$
$$0 = R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) - 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N^2} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire}$$

Solve for N (preclass 4)

$$0 = R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) - 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N^2} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire}$$

$$R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) = 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N^2} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire}$$

$$N^2 = \frac{0.5 R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}$$

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5 R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

Minimize Delay (preclass 4)

Equalizes delays from buffer and wire

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire}C_{wire}}{R_{buf}(C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf}(C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf}C_{wire} + 0.5\left(\frac{1}{N}\right)R_{wire}C_{wire} + R_{wire}C_{load}$$



Delay with Optimal N (preclass 4) $N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire}C_{wire}}{R_{buf}(C_{self} + C_{load})}}$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$



Delay with Optimal N

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}} \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\sqrt{\frac{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$



Delay with Optimal N

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}} \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\sqrt{\frac{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{buf} C_{wire} + \sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

Delay with Optimal N

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

$$N \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}} \cdot R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}) + R_{buf} C_{wire} + 0.5 \left(\sqrt{\frac{R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load})}{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire}}} \right) R_{wire} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{buf} C_{wire} + \sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_{buf} (C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{buf} C_{wire} + R_{wire} C_{load}$$

Calculate: Delay at Optimum Stages (preclass 4)

- $R_u = 60\text{K } \Omega$ per 1mm of wire
- $C_u = 0.16 \text{ pF}$ per 1mm of wire
- $R_{buf} = 25\text{K } \Omega$
- $C_{self} = C_{load} = 0.02\text{fF}$

$$N = \sqrt{\frac{0.5R_{wire}C_{wire}}{R_{buf}(C_{self} + C_{load})}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire}C_{wire}(R_{buf}(C_{self} + C_{load}))} + R_{buf}C_{wire} + R_{wire}C_{load}$$

Segment Length (preclass 4)

$$\begin{aligned} \square R_{\text{wire}} &= L \times R_{\text{unit}} \\ \square C_{\text{wire}} &= L \times C_{\text{unit}} \end{aligned} \quad L_{\text{seg}}^* = \frac{L}{N}$$

$$N = \sqrt{0.5 \left(\frac{R_{\text{wire}} \times C_{\text{wire}}}{R_{\text{buf}} \times (C_{\text{self}} + C_{\text{load}})} \right)}$$

$$N = L \sqrt{0.5 \left(\frac{R_u \times C_u}{R_{\text{buf}} \times (C_{\text{self}} + C_{\text{load}})} \right)}$$

$$L_{\text{seg}}^* = \frac{L}{N} = \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{R_{\text{buf}} \times (C_{\text{self}} + C_{\text{load}})}{R_u \times C_u} \right)}$$

Optimal Segment Length

- Delay scales linearly with distance once optimally buffered

$$L_{seg}^* = \frac{L}{N} = \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{load})}{R_u \times C_u} \right)}$$

$$N = L \sqrt{0.5 \left(\frac{R_u \times C_u}{R_{buf} \times (C_{self} + C_{load})} \right)}$$



Buffer Size? (preclass 5)

- How big should buffer be?
 - $R_{\text{buf}} = R_0/W$
 - $C_{\text{self}} = 2 W C_{\text{dff}} = 2 W \gamma C_0$
 - $C_{\text{load}} = 2 W C_0$

Buffer Size?

□ How big should buffer be?

- $R_{\text{buf}} = R_0/W$
- $C_{\text{self}} = 2W C_{\text{dff}} = 2W \gamma C_0$
- $C_{\text{load}} = 2W C_0$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{\text{wire}} C_{\text{wire}} \left(R_{\text{buf}} \left(C_{\text{self}} + C_{\text{load}} \right) \right)} + R_{\text{buf}} C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} C_{\text{load}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{\text{wire}} C_{\text{wire}} \left(\frac{R_0}{W} \left(2WC_0 (1+\gamma) \right) \right)} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{\text{wire}} C_{\text{wire}} \left(2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma) \right)} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} \cdot 2WC_0$$

Optimal W (preclass 5)

- $R_{\text{wire}} = L \times R_{\text{unit}}$
- $C_{\text{wire}} = L \times C_{\text{unit}}$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{\text{wire}}C_{\text{wire}}\left(2R_0C_0(1+\gamma)\right)} + \frac{R_0}{W}C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$0 = 2R_{\text{wire}}C_0 - R_0C_{\text{wire}}\frac{1}{W^2}$$

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0C_{\text{wire}}}{2R_{\text{wire}}C_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_0C_{\text{unit}}}{2R_{\text{unit}}C_0}}$$

Implication W

- $R_{\text{wire}} = L \times R_{\text{unit}}$
- $C_{\text{wire}} = L \times C_{\text{unit}}$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{\text{wire}}C_{\text{wire}}\left(2R_0C_0(1+\gamma)\right)} + \frac{R_0}{W}C_{\text{wire}} + R_{\text{wire}} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$0 = 2R_{\text{wire}}C_0 - R_0C_{\text{wire}}\frac{1}{W^2}$$

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0C_{\text{wire}}}{2R_{\text{wire}}C_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_0C_{\text{unit}}}{2R_{\text{unit}}C_0}}$$

- \rightarrow W independent of wire length L
 - Depends on technology

Delay at Optimum W (preclass 5)

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2WC_0$$

Delay at Optimum W

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}} C_0$$

Delay at Optimum W

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}} C_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \sqrt{R_0 C_{wire} \cdot 2R_{wire} C_0} + \sqrt{R_0 C_{wire} \cdot 2R_{wire} C_0}$$

Delay at Optimum W

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{W} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2WC_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \frac{R_0}{\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}}} C_{wire} + R_{wire} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{R_0 C_{wire}}{2R_{wire} C_0}} C_0$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + \sqrt{R_0 C_{wire} \cdot 2R_{wire} C_0} + \sqrt{R_0 C_{wire} \cdot 2R_{wire} C_0}$$

$$2\sqrt{0.5R_{wire} C_{wire} (2R_0 C_0 (1+\gamma))} + 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}}$$

Delay at Optimum W

- If $\gamma=1$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\sqrt{R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_0 C_0 (1+1))} + 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \\ & 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} + 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \\ & 4\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \end{aligned}$$

- Optimal design equalizes all delays!

Delay at Optimum W

- If $\gamma=1$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\sqrt{R_{wire} C_{wire} (R_0 C_0 (1+1))} + 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \\ & 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} + 2\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \\ & 4\sqrt{2R_0 C_0 C_{wire} R_{wire}} \end{aligned}$$

- Optimal design equalizes all delays!

8.8ns \rightarrow 0.27ns



Ideas

- ❑ Wire delay linear once buffered optimally
- ❑ Optimal buffers equalizes delays
 - Buffer delay
 - Delay on wire between buffers
 - Delay of wire driving buffer



Admin

- ❑ Friday HW 7 due
- ❑ Final (F 12/17)
 - 12-2pm in Moore 212
 - Cumulative: Lec 1 – 35
 - Big Idea slides from each lecture
 - Finals 2010—2019 online
 - Friday lecture review
 - TA review session before exam
 - TBD, watch Piazza. Maybe a poll.