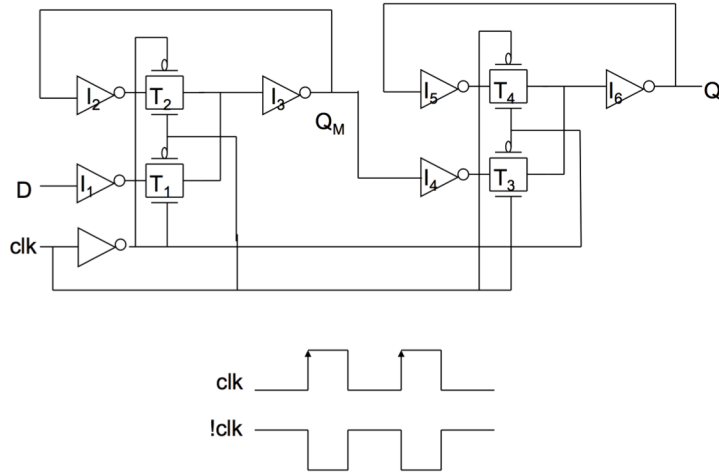


1. Below is a register built with two latches built from transmission gate muxes cascaded together controlled by non-overlapping clocks.



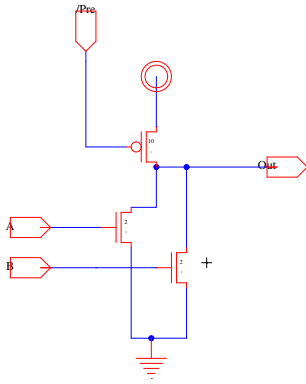
- (a) Is this a positive or negative edge-triggered register?

Assume propagation delays are  $t_{pd,inv}$  and  $t_{pd,tx}$  and the inverter delay to drive  $\overline{clk}$  is 0.

- (b) What is the setup time for the register?
- (c) What is the CLK→Q propagation delay?
- (d) What is the hold time?

Assume: velocity saturated,  $R_0/2$  sizing for gate drive; inverter sizing is:  $W_n=W_p=2$

2. Consider:



(a) if  $A=B=0$  and  $/pre$  is 0, what voltage does Out hold?

(b) if  $/pre$  switches from 0 to 1, and  $A=B=0$ , what voltage settles on Out?

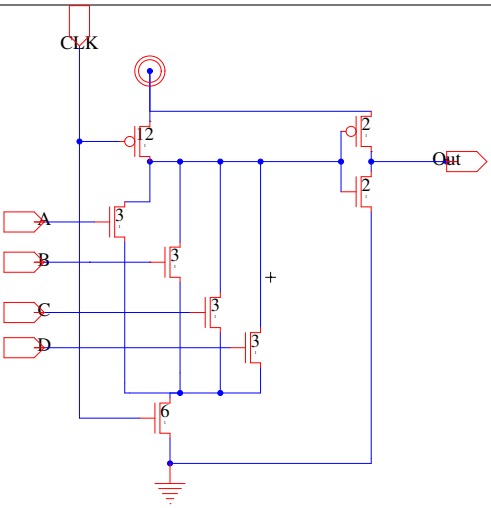
(c) if  $/pre$  is at 1 and, B switches from 0 to 1 what voltage settles on Out?

(d) What are the sizing constraints on the NMOS devices (compare to ratioed logic)?

(e) What concerns might we have with this logic?

(f) What requirements must we satisfy for correct operation?

3. Determine delays. Assume  $\frac{R_0}{2}$  drive on inputs, negligible clk drive, and  $R_{0p} = R_{on}$ . (express in  $\tau$  units in terms of  $\gamma$ ):

	Precharge	Drive Input	Drive Inv. and Self Output
			
	—	Input	Self Output Delay
