Consider the computation:

```c
int f(int a, int b, int c, int d, int x, int y, int z) {
    return(a*x*x*x+b*y*y+c*z+d);
}
```

Assume:
- Multiplier (32b): Area=10, Delay=10
- Adder (32b): Area=1, Delay=1
- Multiplexer (32b): Area=1, Delay=0.1
- Register (32b): Area=0.5, Delay=0 (don’t charge any extra delay)

1. How many multiplies in the computation? [ ]

2. How many adds in the computation? [ ]

3. Assuming a direct spatial implementation (like Day 2):
   - (a) What is the area? [ ]
   - (b) What is the delay? [ ]

4. How would you implement this design using only a single multiplier, a single adder along with multiplexers and registers (the number of which you pick, but should try to minimize)?
   - (a) What is the area? [ ]
   - (b) What is the delay? [ ]