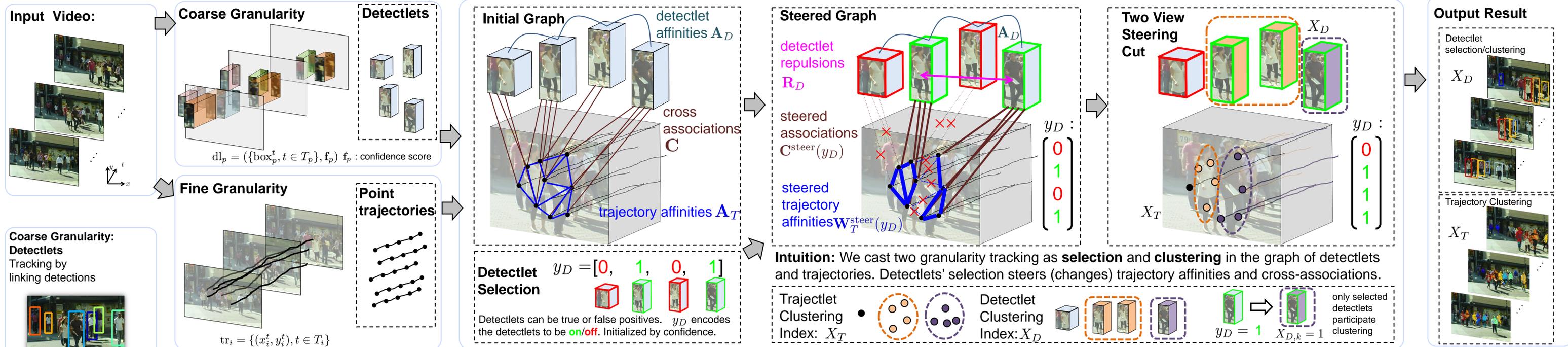


Two-Granularity Tracking: Mediating Trajectory and Detection Graphs for tracking under Persistent Occlusions

Katerina Fragkiadaki Weiyu Zhang Geng Zhang Jianbo Shi
University of Pennsylvania



- false positive /miss detection due to deformations /occlusions
- under fit /loose fit boxes
- leaking affinities across objects w/ similar motion/disparity

Two tracking granularities are complimentary

	objects in canonical pose	
	extreme body deformation	
	partial occlusion	

Initial Graph: $\mathbf{W} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A}_T & \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C}^\top & \mathbf{A}_D \end{bmatrix}$

Cross-Associations \mathbf{C}
Encode spatial overlap between detectlets and trajectories

Trajectory Affinities \mathbf{A}_T
Encode motion/disparity similarity between trajectories:

$\mathbf{A}_T(\text{tr}_i, \text{tr}_j) = \exp(-\text{dst}_{i,j}(\text{vel}_{i,j}^2/\sigma_v^2 + \text{dsp}_{i,j}^2/\sigma_d^2))$

$\text{vel}_{i,j}, \text{dsp}_{i,j}$: max velocity /disparity difference

$\text{dst}_{i,j}$: max Euclidian distance

Detectlet Affinities \mathbf{A}_D
 $\mathbf{A}_D(\text{dl}_p, \text{dl}_q) = \exp(-\frac{\text{mean}_i |\text{loc}(\text{tr}_i, \text{box}_p^{t_1}) - \text{loc}(\text{tr}_i, \text{box}_q^{t_2})|^2}{\sigma_t^2})$

Steered Graph: $\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{W}_T^{\text{steer}}(y_D) & \mathbf{C}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) \\ (\mathbf{C}^{\text{steer}}(y_D))^\top & \mathbf{A}_D \end{bmatrix}$

Detectlet Repulsions \mathbf{R}_D
Set repulsions between overlapping in time detectlets, denoting they belong to distinct objects:

$\mathbf{R}_D(\text{dl}_p, \text{dl}_q; y_D) = y_D(p)y_D(q)\delta(|T_p \cap T_q| > 0)$

Steered Trajectory Affinities $\mathbf{W}_T^{\text{steer}}(y_D)$, Associations $\mathbf{C}^{\text{steer}}(y_D)$
Detectlet repulsion induces trajectory repulsions between associated trajectories:

$\mathbf{R}_T(\text{tr}_i, \text{tr}_j; y_D) = \max_{p,q} \mathbf{C}_{i,p}(1 - \mathbf{C}_{i,q})\mathbf{R}_D(\text{dl}_p, \text{dl}_q; y_D)\mathbf{C}_{j,q}(1 - \mathbf{C}_{j,p})$

Attractions on the repulsive trajectory links is cancelled:
 $\mathbf{W}_T^{\text{steer}}(y_D) = (\mathbf{1}_{n_T \times n_T} - \mathbf{R}_T(y_D)) \bullet \mathbf{A}_T$

Cancel associations to non-selected detectlets: $\mathbf{C}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) = \mathbf{C}\text{Diag}(y_D)$

Steering Cut:

$\max_{y_D, X, K} \sum_{k=1}^K \text{align}(X_{T,k}, X_{D,k}) \cdot \text{confidence}(X_{D,k}) \cdot \text{ncut}(\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D), X_k)$

s.t. $\sum_{k=1}^K X_{T,k} = \mathbf{1}_{n_T}, \sum_{k=1}^K X_{D,k} = y_D$

Alignment score between point trajectories and detectlets
 $\text{align}(X_{T,k}, X_{D,k}) = \begin{cases} \{i | X_{T,k}(i) = 1 \wedge \exists j, \mathbf{C}(\text{tr}_i, \text{dl}_j) = 1\} \\ \{i | X_{T,k}(i) = 1 \vee \exists j, \mathbf{C}(\text{tr}_i, \text{dl}_j) = 1\} \end{cases}$

Confidence score of detectlets in each joint cluster
 $\text{confidence}(X_{D,k}) = \frac{X_k^\top \mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) X_k}{X_k^\top \text{Diag}(\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) \mathbf{1}_n) X_k}$

Normalized-cut score
 $\text{ncut}(\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D), X_k) = \frac{X_k^\top \mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) X_k}{X_k^\top \text{Diag}(\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D) \mathbf{1}_n) X_k}$

We solve two-view steering cut by **multiple steered segmentations**:

1. Initialize y_D by sampling high-confident detectlets. Compute $\mathbf{W}^{\text{steer}}(y_D)$
2. Vary K and solve multiple ncuts, score clusters' alignment and confidence.
3. Populate the tracking solution by greedily selecting non-overlapping clusters.
4. Update y_D with the detectlets chosen in the tracking solution.

Steering cut vs Co-clustering

In steering cut the graph changes according to detectlet selection:

- Affinity contradictions between trajectories and detectlets are resolved by induced trajectory repulsions.
- False associations to non-selected detectlets are cancelled so multiple detectlets cannot claim the same trajectories.

	False Associations	Leaking Affinities
Co-clustering		
Steering Cut		

Steered Graph vs Initial Graph

Graph steering:

- Correctly cancels cross-object leaking affinities in case of repulsion between true positive detectlets.
- Erroneously cancels intra-object affinities in case of repulsions between false alarms, firing in objects' interiors.

ϵ_{fp} : false alarm detectlet rate
 ϵ_{in} : intra-object affinity rate
 ϵ_{cr} : cross-object affinity rate

False alarms are randomly distributed in object interiors and cancel fewer links during steering. As such, **graph steering considerably improves affinity accuracy on average!**

Experiments

Two granularity tracking tolerates detection sparsity and provides **accurate grounding for the targets during partial occlusions.**

Tracking by Planning vs Two granularity tracking

UrbanStreet Dataset: new tracking dataset with accurate object mask

Two granularity tracking

- Correct leakages in bottom-up trajectory clustering, due to stationary/similar motion.
- Track under partial occlusions with accurate spatial mask.

	UrbanStreet				TUD crossing			
	MD(%)	FA(%)	ID-sw	Acc.(%)	MD(%)	FA(%)	ID-sw	Acc.(%)
Our Method	50.3	15.6	73	30.1	12.3	4.5	0	82.9
Co-embedding	57.7	47.0	72	-8.2	14.6	25.1	27	57.8
Trajectory classification	61.0	23.7	71	11.6	18.7	14.5	17	65.2
Bottom-up clustering	78.7	11.5	19	8.5	32.5	8.8	12	57.6
Detectlets	82.6	19.4	49	-4.7	42.6	7.3	81	42.6
Our Method*	44.7	12.0	28	37.5				
Gong et al.*	76.5	24.3	36	-6.8				