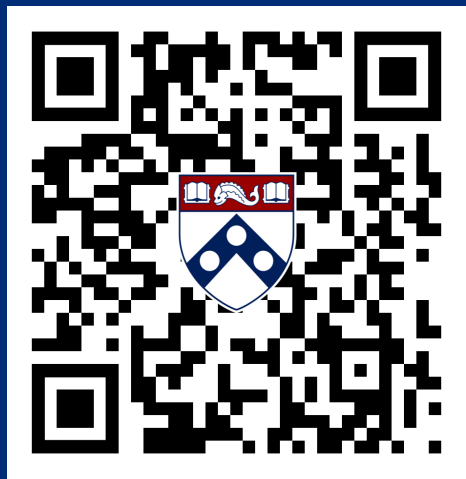


Do Machine Learning Models Learn Statistical Rules Inferred from Data?

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Try out our code!

Motivation

Models make mistakes!

Object Detection

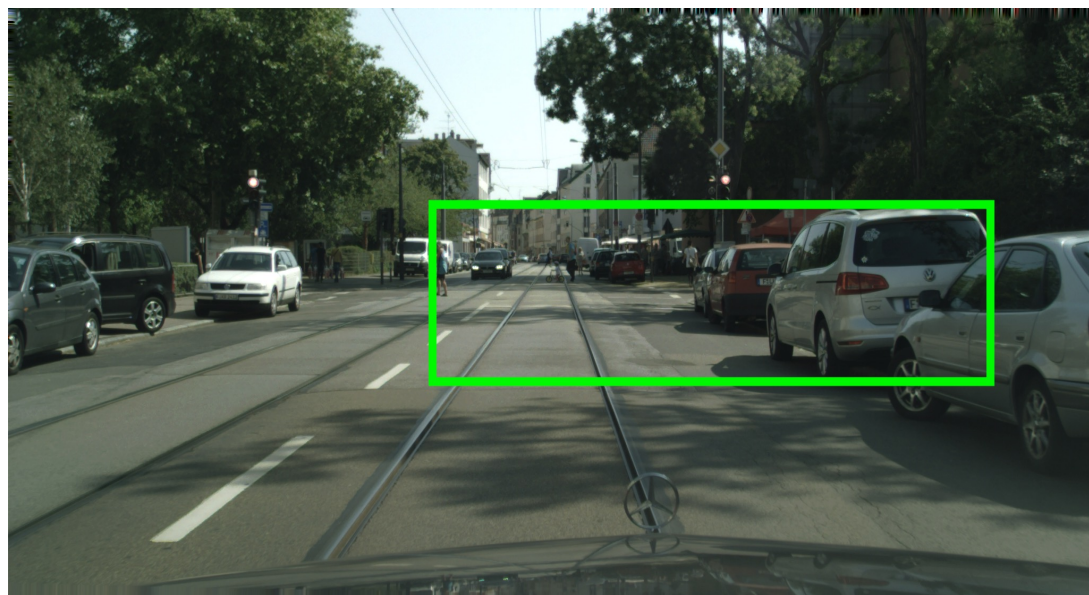
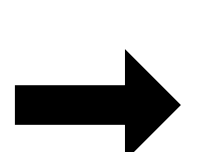
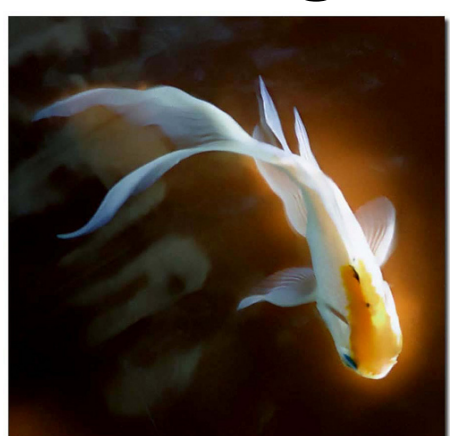


Image Classification

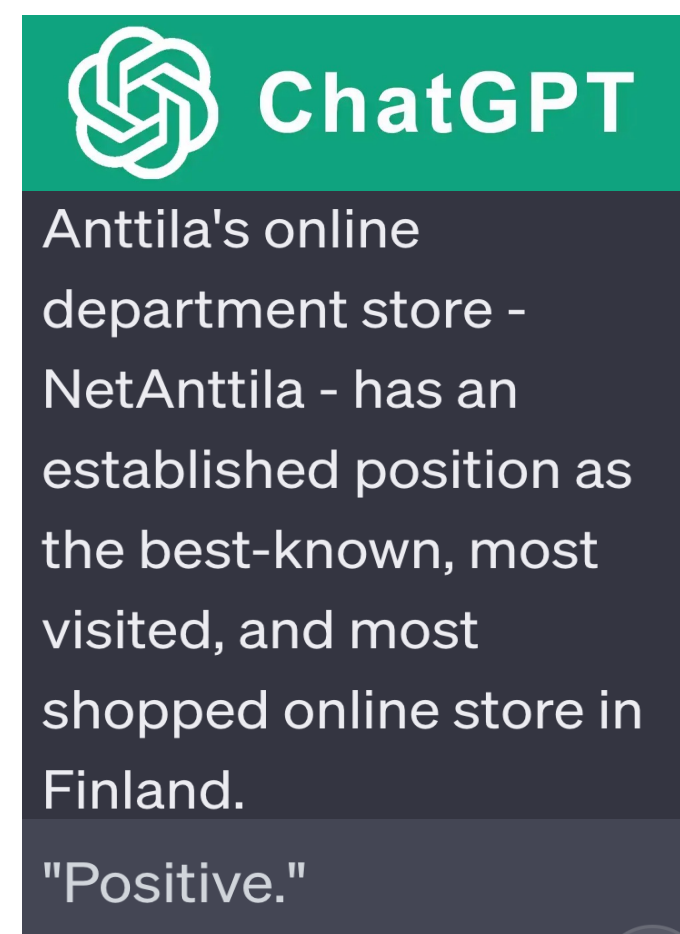


Sea Slug

Observation:

Fundamental errors defy *rules* based on human intuition

Sentiment Analysis



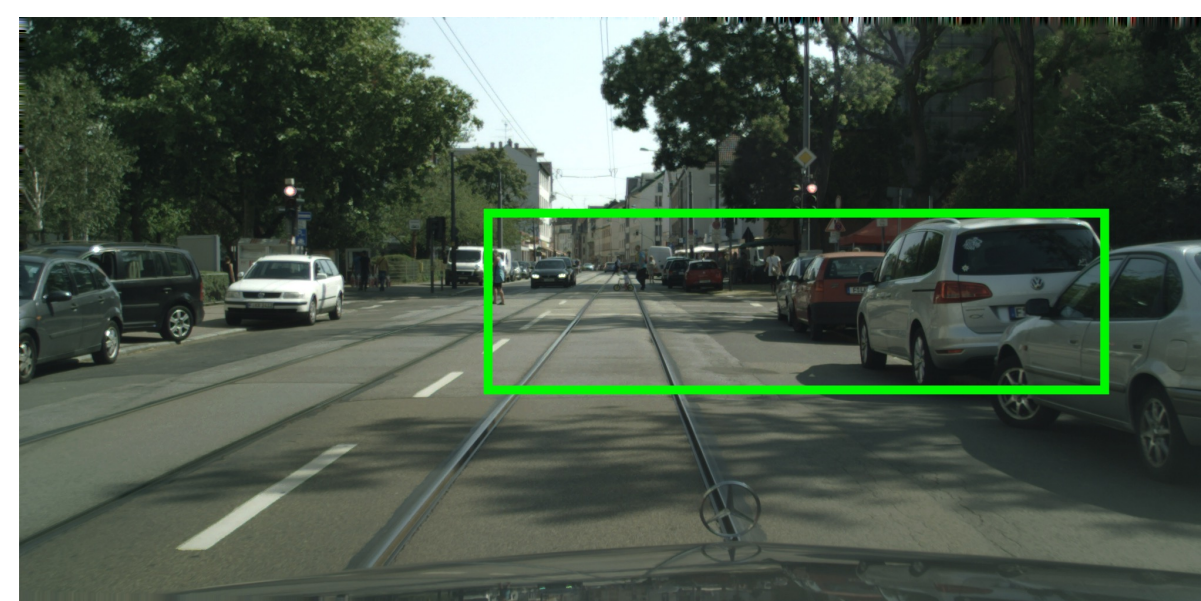
Statistical Quantile Rules (SQRs)

Rules for estimating errors must be

- **Valid** and hold over a large portion of the data,
- **Expressive** to capture complex and interesting patterns,
- **Scalable** to generate several rules without supervision.

The answer is **Statistical Quantile Rules**:

$$\mathbb{P}(a \leq \phi(x) \leq b) = 1 - \delta$$



An example of a violation of the rule $0.07 \leq \text{aspect_ratio}(\text{car}) \leq 2.77$. 98% of all the ground-truth cars satisfy this rule, making it valid, expressive and scalable.

The Statistical Quantile Rule Learning (SQRL) Framework

Rule schemas

$$\mathbf{y} = \{\text{car}, \text{person}, \text{tree}\} \Rightarrow ([0, 1] \leq \text{aspect_ratio}(\mathbf{x}) \leq [0, 1])$$

Hyperparameters: sample-wise, 99th percentile

Generate candidate rules

Abstract rules

$$\mathbf{y} = \text{car} \Rightarrow ([0, 1] \leq \text{aspect_ratio}(\mathbf{x}) \leq [0, 1])$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \text{person} \Rightarrow \dots$$

Learn statistical thresholds

R

V

Concrete rules

$$\mathbf{y} = \text{car} \Rightarrow (0.35 \leq \text{aspect_ratio}(\mathbf{x}) \leq 0.57)$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \text{person} \Rightarrow \dots$$

Rule violations

$$\mathbf{y} = \text{car} \Rightarrow (0.35 \leq \text{aspect_ratio}(\mathbf{x}) \leq 0.57)$$

Find rules violated by model

T

Perform test-time adaptation

T

Updated model with fewer rule violations

Original model

Datasets

R

Training

T

Test

V

Validation

The workflow of SQRL. SQRs are generated from the training and validation data and used to evaluate and improve models.

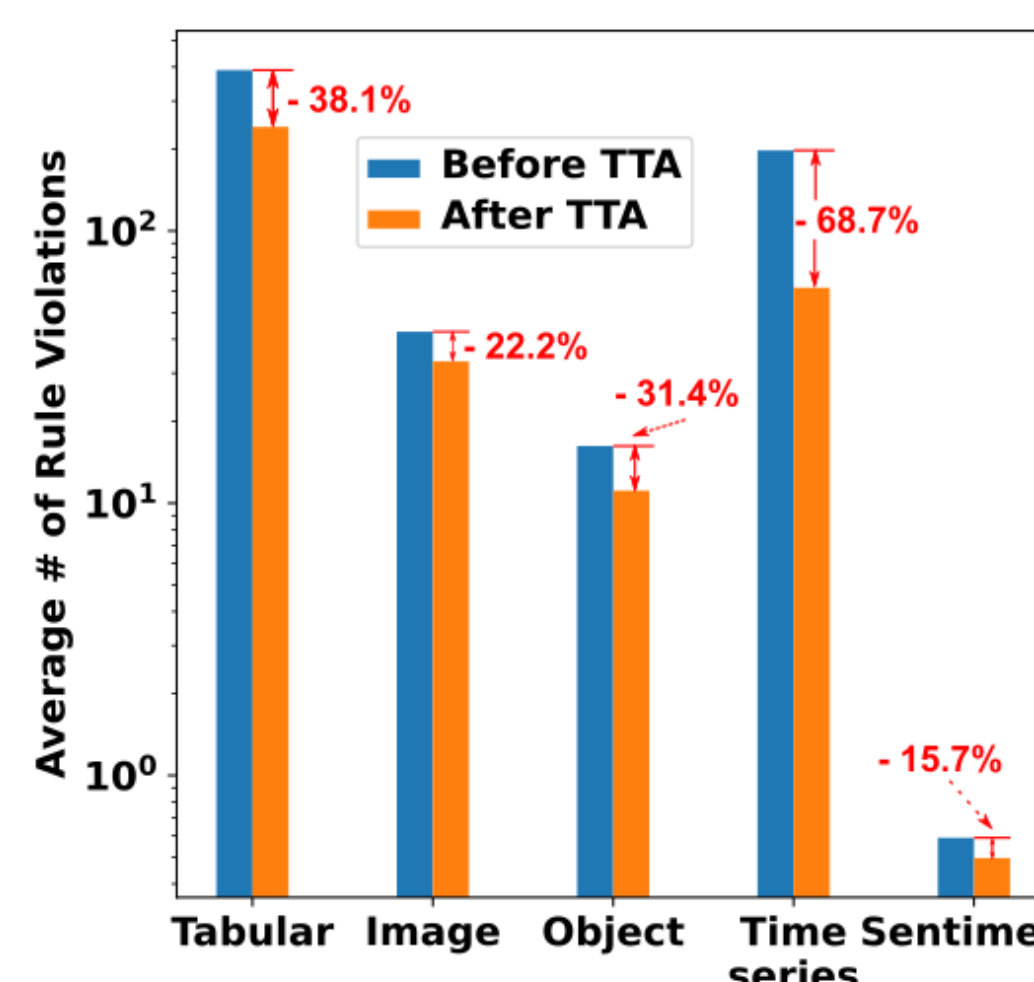
Examples of Rule Violations

Object Detection

Sentiment Analysis

Rule	Rule
$\text{car}(x) \Rightarrow 20.22 \leq \text{width}(x) < 1655.17$ $\wedge \text{aspect_ratio}(x) < 0.81 \vee \dots$ If an object is a car , then its aspect ratio and width must lie in one of the bounds defined by the rules above.	$\text{neutral}(x) \Leftarrow 0.02 \leq \text{fitness}(x) \leq 0.02$ $\wedge 0.04 \leq \text{news}(x) \leq 0.14$ If the probability that the sentence is about fitness and news is within the above bounds then the sentiment of this sentence is neutral .
Original Prediction	Original Prediction
	Anttila's online department store - NetAnttila - has an established position as the best-known, most visited, and most shopped online store in Finland. fitness_and_health: 0.0210 news_and_social_concern: 0.077 predicted label: positive (wrong)
Prediction after Test Time Adaptation	Prediction after Test Time Adaptation
	Anttila's online department store - NetAnttila - has an established position as the best-known, most visited, and most shopped online store in Finland. fitness_and_health: 0.0210 news_and_social_concern: 0.077 predicted label: neutral (correct)

Examples of Rule Violations



Results of Rule-based Test-Time Adaptation

Task	# Rules		
	Total	Selected	Violations per sample
Tabular Classification	292,129	400	389.29
Image Classification	73,032	340	42.62
Object Detection	252	252	16.21
Time-Series Imputation	35	35	197.46
Sentiment Analysis	158	158	0.59

Number of SQRs generated by SQRL.

Examples of Rule Violations

Formalized SQRs to characterize and identify basic errors at scale and proposed the SQRL framework that can find up to 300K rules and up to 158K violations.

We find that models do not always learn statistical rules but can be adapted to correct up to 68.7% rule violations.