Lecture 6

CIS 341: COMPILERS

Announcements

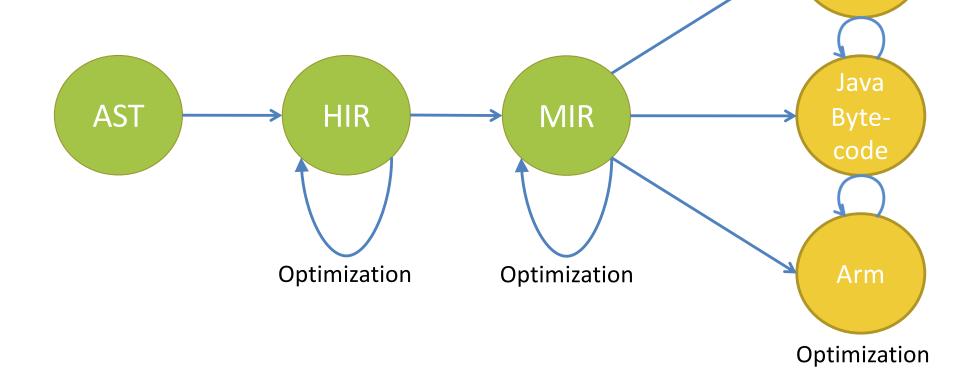
- HW2: X86lite
 - Due: Weds, February 9th at 11:59:59pm
 - Pair-programming
 - Please get started! (I can see who has cloned the git repo!)

see: ir-by-hand.ml, ir<X>.ml

INTERMEDIATE REPRESENTATIONS

Multiple IR's

- Goal: get program closer to machine code without losing the information needed to do analysis and optimizations
- In practice, multiple intermediate representations might be used (for different purposes)



x86

Mid-level IR's: Many Varieties

- Intermediate between AST (abstract syntax) and assembly
- May have unstructured jumps, abstract registers or memory locations
- Convenient for translation to high-quality machine code
 - Example: all intermediate values might be named to facilitate optimizations that attempt to minimize stack/register usage
- Many examples:
 - **Triples**: OP a b
 - Useful for instruction selection on X86 via "tiling"
 - Quadruples: a = b OP c (RISC-like "three address form")
 - Stack-based:
 - Easy to generate
 - e.g., Java Bytecode, UCODE
 - SSA: variant of quadruples where each temporary is assigned exactly once
 - "pure" semantics (more like OCaml!)
 - Easy dataflow analysis for optimization
 - e.g., LLVM: industrial-strength IR, based on SSA

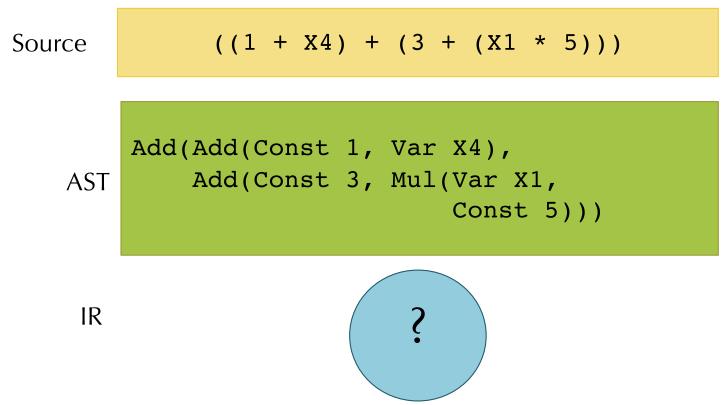
our destination

Intermediate Representations

- IR1: Expressions
 - *immutable* global variables
 - simple arithmetic *expressions*
- IR2: Commands
 - *mutable* global variables
 - commands for update and sequencing
- IR3: Local control flow
 - conditional commands & while loops
 - basic blocks
- IR4: Procedures (top-level functions)
 - local variables
 - call stack
- IR5: "almost" LLVM IR
 - missing *phi-nodes* (explained when we get there)

Eliminating Nested Expressions

- Fundamental problem:
 - Compiling complex & nested expression forms to simple operations.



Idea: *name* intermediate values, make order of evaluation explicit.
– No nested operations.

Translation to SLL

• Given this:

```
Add(Add(Const 1, Var X4),
Add(Const 3, Mul(Var X1,
Const 5)))
```

• Translate to this desired SLL form:

let tmp0 = add 1L varX4 in
let tmp1 = mul varX1 5L in
let tmp2 = add 3L tmp1 in
let tmp3 = add tmp0 tmp2 in
tmp3

- Translation makes the order of evaluation explicit.
- Names intermediate values
- Note: introduced temporaries are never modified