

Introduction to CIS 419/519 Applied Machine Learning

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Slides were created by Dan Roth (for CIS519/419 at Penn or CS446 at UIUC), Some slides were taken with approval from other authors who have made their ML slides available.



CIS 419/519 Remote Version

- Weird Times, but the show must go on.
- I will try to run the class as usual, with a few exceptions
 - Exams
 - It could be boring to just sit there and listen to me talking
 - We'll try to get you to participate.
 - Chat
 - Poll Everywhere
 - (we will ask you to login using your upenn account since participation is mandatory)
 - Raise your hand

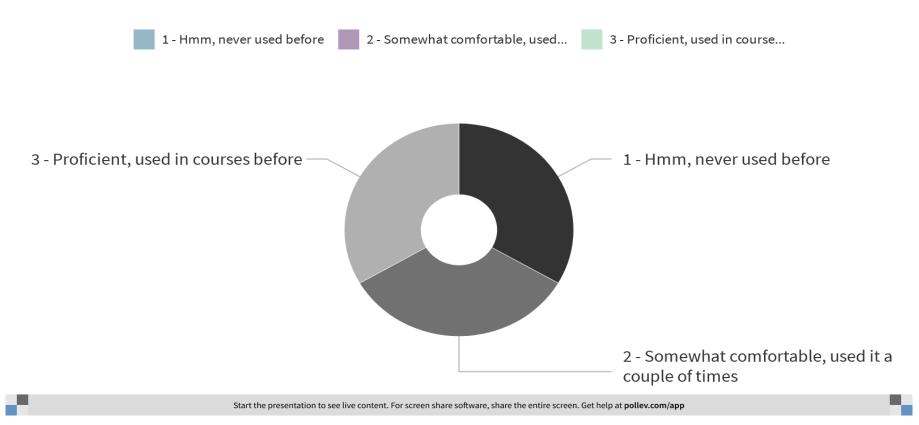
Where are you currently located?



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How comfortable are you with using Python?



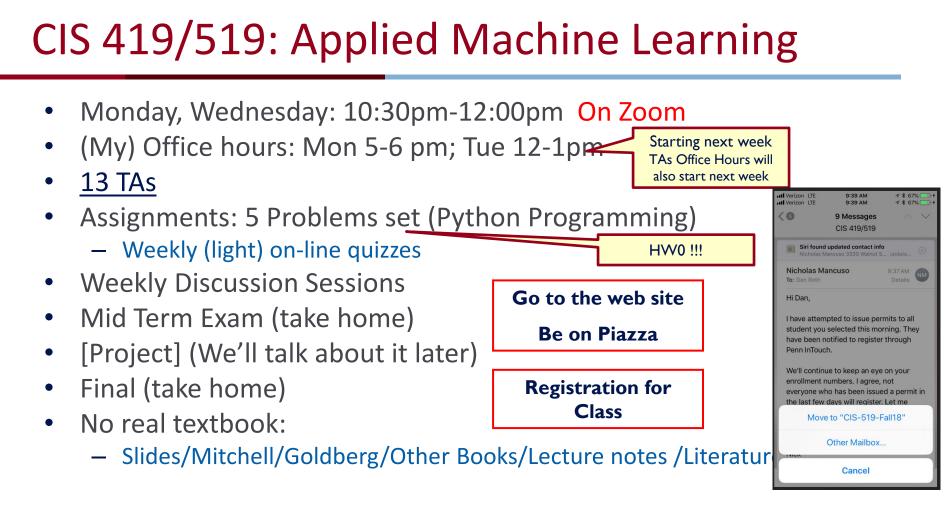
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Describe one machine learning application which interests

you...

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CIS 419/519: Today

- What is Learning?
- Who are you?
- What is CIS 419/519 about?
- The Badges Game...





Who are you? (one aspect)

First year student Sophomore Junior Senior **MS Student** PhD Student None of the above

Would you mind opening you video so we can see you?

Happy to do it sometimes

No, I want it off

Sure, I can keep it open all the time

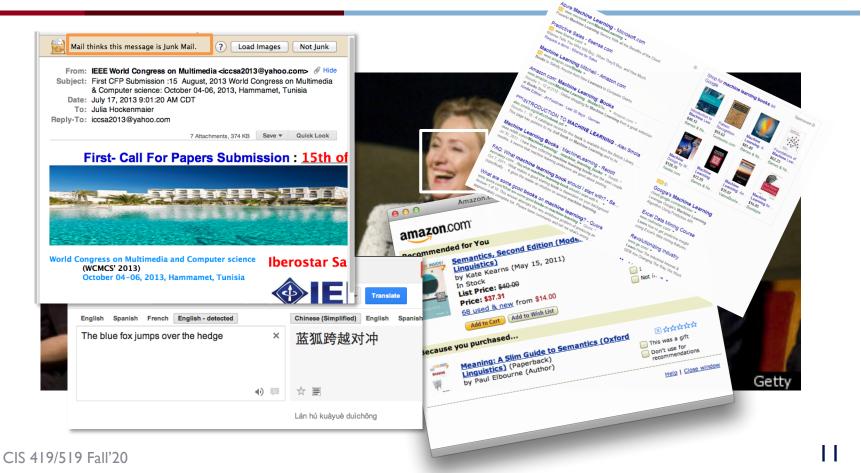
Only when I ask a question

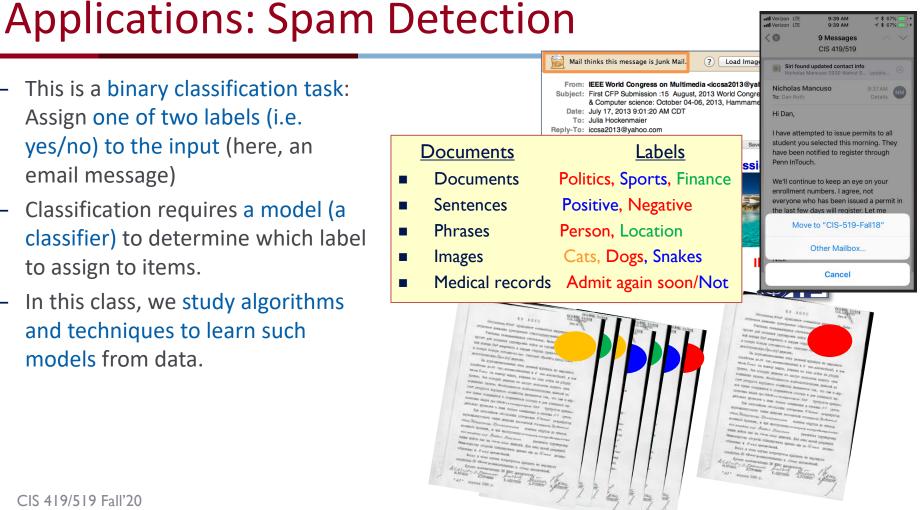
None of the above

An Owed to the Spelling Checker

- I have a spelling checker, it came with my PC
- It plane lee marks four my revue
- Miss steaks aye can knot sea.
- Eye ran this poem threw it, your sure reel glad two no.
- Its vary polished in it's weigh
- My checker tolled me sew.
- A checker is a bless sing, it freeze yew lodes of thyme.
- It helps me right awl stiles two reed
- And aides me when aye rime.
- Each frays come posed up on my screen
- Eye trussed to bee a joule...

Machine Learning is Everywhere





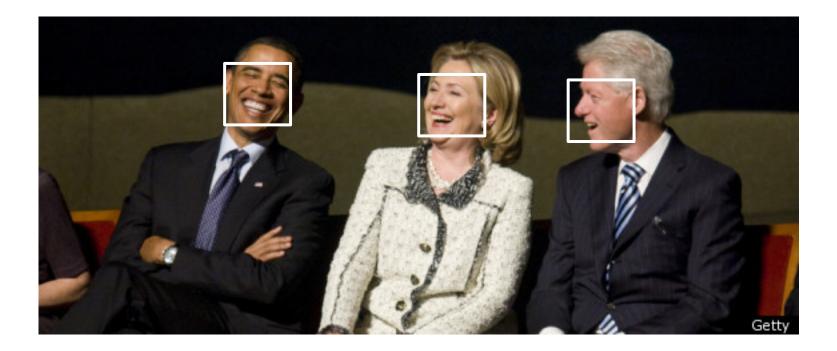
- This is a binary classification task: Assign one of two labels (i.e. yes/no) to the input (here, an email message)
- Classification requires a model (a classifier) to determine which label to assign to items.
- In this class, we study algorithms _ and techniques to learn such models from data.

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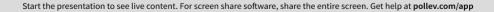
Some More Involved Examples

- Driving:
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_1MHGUC_BzQ</u>
 - E.g., go to 11:48
- Objects:
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_1MHGUC_BzQ</u>
 - Go to 1:41
- Tesla Accidents:
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FVgkWii5JdM</u>
 - Go to 1:45

Machine Learning: Any Limitations?



What else do you know given this image? (About the people, or more generally)





.

Some More Involved Examples

- Wikifier:
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lkryLTdogjw</u>

- Some text generation:
 - <u>https://transformer.huggingface.co/doc/arxiv-nlp</u>

Automated Summarization (And hallucination)

A NYT article on the Beirut explosion

And its summary

Summari	ization	Demo
---------	---------	------

bart.base bart.modifier.rewriter bart.base.vocab.input bart.base.template bart.base.upweight.np

Lebanon's health ministry said that at least 78 people had died and 4,000 suffered injuries in the explosions and fire that shook Beirut on Tuesday.

The numbers climbed steadily through the day, and with the wounded still streaming into hospitals and the search for missing people underway, they were likely to go higher still.

The secretary-general of the <u>Kataeb</u> political party, <u>Nizar Najarian</u>, was killed in the blast, and among those injured was <u>Kamal</u> Hayek, the chairman of the state-owned electricity company, who was in critical condition, the news agency reported.

Generate Summary!

Summary	•
At least 20 people have been killed in a series of explosions in the Lebanese capital, Beirut, officials say.	
At least 20 people have been killed in a series of explosions in the Lebanese capital, Beirut, officials say.	
The number of people killed in a series of explosions in the Lebanese capital Beirut has risen to more than 1,000, officials say.	
The number of people killed in an explosion in the Lebanese capital Beirut has risen to a new high, officials say.	
The number of people killed in an explosion in the Lebanese capital Beirut has risen to a new high, officials say.	

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Comprehension

(ENGLAND, June, 1989) - Christopher Robin is alive and well. He lives in England. He is the same person that you read about in the book, Winnie the Pooh. As a boy, Chris lived in a pretty home called Cotchfield Farm. When Chris was three years old, his father wrote a poem about him. The poem was printed in a magazine for others to read. Mr. Robin then wrote a book. He made up a fairy tale land where Chris lived. His friends were animals. There was a bear called Winnie the Pooh. There was also an owl and a young pig, called a piglet. All the animals were stuffed toys that Chris owned. Mr. Robin made them come to life with his words. The places in the story were all near Cotchfield Farm. Winnie the Pooh was written in 1925. Children still love to read about Christopher Robin and his animal friends. Most people don't know he is a real person who is grown now. He has written two books of his own. They tell what it is like to be famous.

Christopher Robin was born in England.
 Christopher Robin's dad was a magician.

Winnie the Pooh is a title of a book.
 Christopher Robin must be at least 65 now.

This is an Inference Problem; where is the learning?

Christopher Robin and Chris are the same person





What do you see in this image?

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Learning

- Learning is at the core of

- Understanding High Level Cognition
- Performing knowledge intensive inferences
- Building adaptive, intelligent systems
- Dealing with messy, real world data
- Analytics
- Learning has multiple purposes
 - Knowledge Acquisition
 - Integration of various knowledge sources to ensure robust behavior
 - Adaptation (human, systems)
 - Decision Making (Predictions)

Learning = Generalization

• H. Simon -

"Learning denotes changes in the system that are adaptive in the sense that they enable the system to do the task or tasks <u>drawn from the same population</u> more efficiently and more effectively the next time."

Remember this! (and remember the Tesla example)

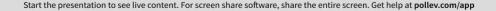
The ability to perform a task in a situation which has never been encountered before

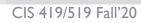
Learning = Generalization

 The learner has to be able to classify items it has never seen before.

	ull Verizon UTE 9:39 AM 1 \$ 67% ↓ + ull Verizon UTE 9:39 AM 1 \$ 67% ↓ +	
	< 0 9 Messages ~ ~ CIS 419/519	
	Siri found updated contact info Nicholas Mancuse 3330 Walnut S., update.,	
has to be	Nicholas Mancuso 9:37 AM	
sify items	Hi Dan,	
	I have attempted to issue permits to all student you selected this morning. They have been extilled to explore the permits	
seen before.	have been notified to register through Penn InTouch.	
	We'll continue to keep an eye on your enroliment numbers. I agree, not	
	everyone who has been issued a permit in the last few days will register. Let me	
	Move to "CIS-519-Fall18"	
	Other Mailbox	
	Cancel	
Mail thinks this message is about my		
	II 2018 ML Class	
Га	II ZUIO MIL Class	

How can we expect a program to make predictions on items it has never seen before? What should this program rely on?





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Learning = Generalization

Classification

 Medical diagnosis; credit card applications; hand-written letters; ad selection; sentiment assignment,...

- Planning and acting
 - Game playing (chess, backgammon, go); driving a car
- Skills
 - (A robot) balancing a pole; playing tennis; driving
- Common sense reasoning
 - Natural language interactions

Generalization depends on the Representation as much as it depends on the Algorithm used.

The ability to perform a task in a situation which has never been encountered before

The Badges game

What does the algorithm

gets as input? (features)

Same Population?



New Zealand In New York State, the longest period of daylight occurs during the month of _____.

Why Study Machine Learning?

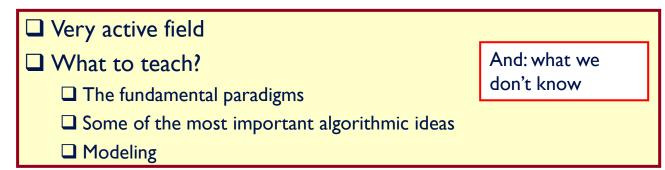
- "A breakthrough in machine learning would be worth ten Microsofts"
 Bill Gates, Chairman, Microsoft
- "Machine learning is the next Internet" -Tony Tether, Former Director, DARPA
- Machine learning is the hot new thing"
 John Hennessy, President, Stanford
- "Machine learning is going to result in a real revolution"
 -Greg Papadopoulos, CTO, Sun
- "Machine learning is today's discontinuity"
 Jerry Yang, CEO, Yahoo

Why Study Learning?

- Computer systems with new capabilities.
- Al
- Understand human and biological learning
- Understanding teaching better.
- Time is right.
 - Initial algorithms and theory in place.
 - Growing amounts of on-line data
 - Computational power available.
 - Necessity: many things we want to do cannot be done by "programming".
 - (Think about all the examples given earlier)

Learning is the Future

- Learning techniques will be a basis for every application that involves a connection to the messy real world
- Basic learning algorithms are ready for use in applications today
- Prospects for broader future applications make for exciting fundamental research and development opportunities
- Many unresolved issues Theory and Systems
 - While learning is hot, there are many things we don't know how to do
 - And that's why this is **NOT** a class about deep neural networks



US Open Highlights

- Over 700 matches over two weeks periods.
- A lot of manpower required to generate video highlights...
- Key: automate using incidental signals
 - Crowd noise, like gasps and cheers.



- Players' gestures and reactions (e.g. celebratory air punches and fist pumps)
- Non-trivial: need to deal with biases, etc.



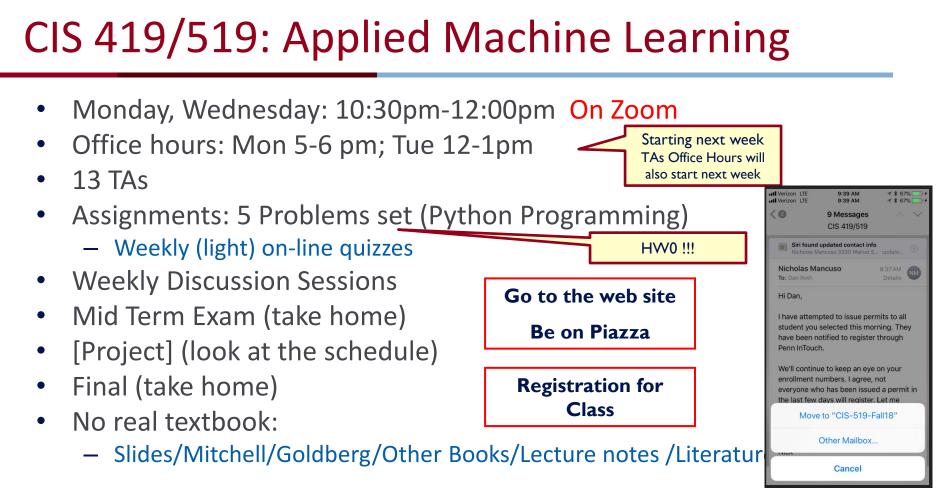




CIS 419/5/19 Fail 20 Anthrese at.com/2019/07/05/how-wimbledon-and-watson-are-using-ai-to-curate-video-highlights/

Course Overview

- Introduction: Basic problems and questions
- A detailed example: Linear classifiers; key algorithmic idea
- Two Basic Paradigms:
 - » Discriminative Learning & Generative/Probabilistic Learning
- Learning Protocols:
 - » Supervised; Unsupervised; Semi-supervised
- Algorithms
 - » Gradient Descent
 - » Decision Trees
 - » Linear Representations: (Perceptron; SVMs; Kernels)
 - » Neural Networks/Deep Learning
 - » Probabilistic Representations (naïve Bayes)
 - » Unsupervised /Semi supervised: EM
 - » Clustering; Dimensionality Reduction
- Modeling; Evaluation; Real world challenges
- Ethics



CIS 519: What have you learned so far?

- What do you need to know:
 - Some exposure to:
 - Theory of Computation
 - Probability Theory
 - Linear Algebra
 - Programming (Python)
- Homework 0

Participate, Ask Questions

Ask **during** class, not **after** class

- Applied Machine Learning
- Applied: mostly in HW
- Machine learning: mostly in class, quizzes, exams
- If you could not comfortably deal with 2/3 of this within a few hours, please take the prerequisites first; come back next semester/year.

CIS 519: Policies

- Cheating
 - No.
 - We take it very seriously.
- Homework:
 - Collaboration is encouraged
 - But, you have to write your own solution/code.
- Late Policy:
 - You have a credit of 4 days; That's it.
- Grading:
 - 40% homework; ; 35%-final; 20%-midterm; 5% Quizzes;
 - Participation in Polls is mandatory (80% of the meetings)
 - [Projects: 20%]
- Questions?

Class' Web Page

Note also the Schedule Page and our Notes

CIS 519 on the web

- Check our class website:
 - Schedule, slides, videos, policies
 - <u>https://www.seas.upenn.edu/~cis519/fall2020/index.html</u>
 - Sign up, participate in our Piazza forum:
 - Announcements and discussions
 - <u>https://piazza.com/class/kec0q01gqceim</u>
 - Check out our team
 - Office hours
 - [Optional] Discussion Sessions



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Did I ask too many questions?

Yes, way too many?

Just right

Not enough

I'll post my response to this on Piazza later today

None of the above

What is Learning?

- The Badges Game...

- This is an example of the key learning protocol: supervised learning
- First question: Are you sure you got it?
 - Why?
- Issues:
 - Prediction or Modeling?
 - Representation
 - Problem setting
 - Background Knowledge
 - When did learning take place?
 - Algorithm