

MOTIVATION What things can your phone do while you are listening to an MP3?

OBSERVATION * We want our devices (including our phones) to do many things at once.

MULTIPLE TASKS

- × We could...
 - Dedicate a separate processor for every task we want to perform
- * How many would we need?
- × Maybe
 - + Need dozen processors for our Phone

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BUT....

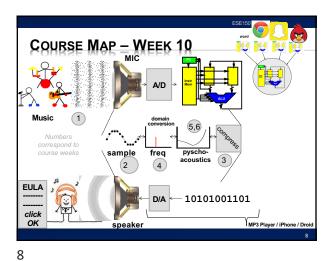
- × MP3 Play
 - + 44,000 samples per second decoded
 - + 500 cycles to decode a sample
 - + How many instructions per second require?
- * What fraction of a 109 instruction per second processor does this use?

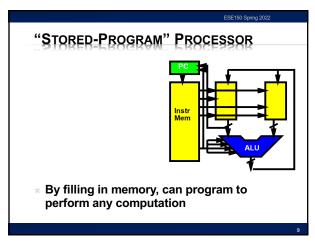
OBSERVATION

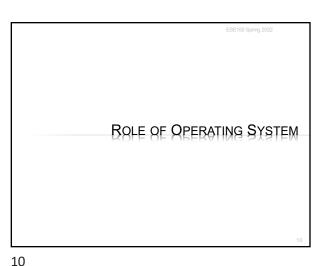
- * If we dedicate a processor to MP3 decoding
 - + It will sit idle most of the time
- MP3 decoding (and many other things) do not consume a modern processor
- * Idea: Maybe we can share the processor among tasks?

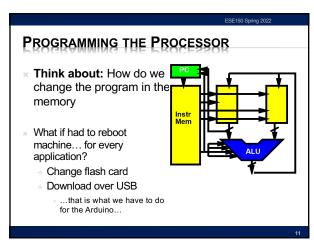
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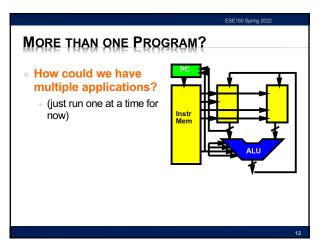


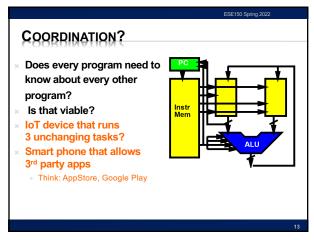












ROLE OF OPERATING SYSTEM

* Higher-level, shared support for all programs
- Could put it in program, but most programs need it!
- Needs to be abstracted from program

* Resource sharing
- Processor, memory, "devices" (net, printer, audio)

* Polite sharing
- Isolation and protection
- Fences make Good Neighbors – R. Frost

* Idea: Expensive/limited resources can be shared in time — OS manages this sharing

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VIBTHALIZATION

VIRTUALIZATION

* Providing an abstract view separate from the physical view

* Hides physical view

* Provides abstract view to software

+ Abstract from physical resource limits

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Virtualize the processor

Make it look like we have multiple processors
With each program running on its own processor

Can put data in memory where it wants
Doesn't have to worry about another program scribbling over its memory

Its state is preserved and isolated
Looks like it runs all the time on the processor

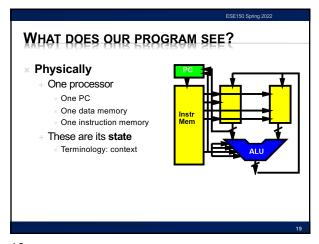
Doesn't need to be programmed to allow other programs to run

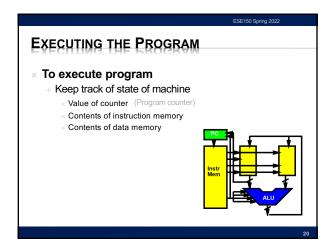
TERMINOLOGY: PROCESS

Process

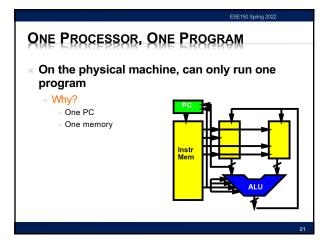
A virtualization of the physical processor
an instance of a program in execution
Virtual processor

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VIRTUALIZATION

* Make it look like we have multiple resources

+ Multiple processors

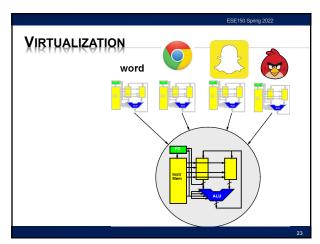
* Provide abstraction of large* number of processors

+ Each program gets its own processor

* Each program gets its own machine state

+ * "large" enough to approximate infinite

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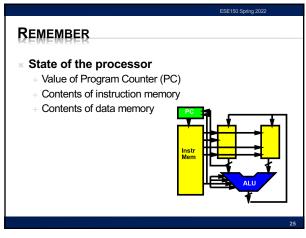


KEY IDEA

* Can capture state of a processor

* All the information that defines the current point in the computation

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ESE:150 Spring 2022

KEY IDEA

Can capture state of a processor

All the information that defines the current point in the computation

i.e. program counter, data and instruction memory

Can save that somewhere*

Fully represents the running program

Can restore that from <where-saved> to the processor

Can save/restore without affecting the functional behavior of the program

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 STATE IN MEMORY

STATE IN MEMORY

TO DIS MEMORY

TO DIS MEMORY

TO DIS MEMORY

TO DIS MEMORY

MEMORY

MEMORY

DATA
MEMORY

ME

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SHARING PROCESSOR

Now that we can save/restore the state
Can share processor among processes
(Restore state; run for time; save state)
Isolation: none of the processes need to know about each other
Each thinks it has the whole machine
Just need to restore/save state around epochs where the process gets to run on the processor

SAVING MEMORY?

* Each program has view that it owns machine

- Each may put program in same place?

- Shouldn't have to know about other programs, where their stacks are...

* Could:

- Have programs operate 0...max_process_mem

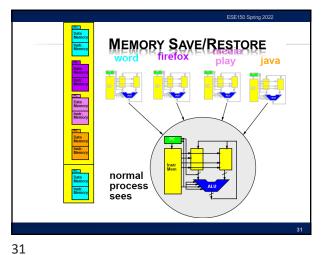
- Copy data in and out of this range

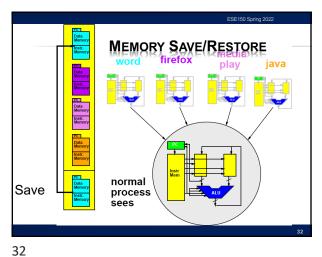
- Keep in larger physical memory

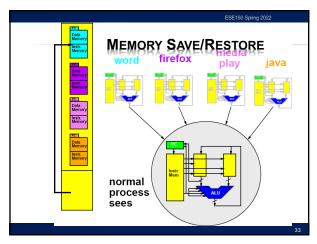
- not visible to program (process)

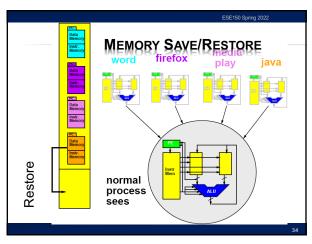
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3/22/22

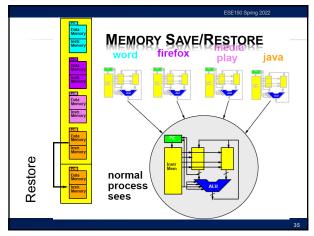






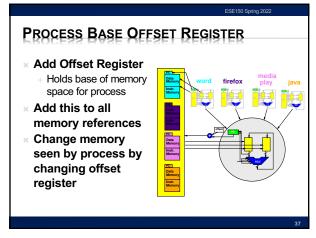


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SAVING MEMORY? x Each program has view of it owns machine Each may put program in same place Shouldn't have to know about other programs... where their stacks are...etc. × Can do better + Assume physical memory is larger than process memory + How could we avoid copying? + Virtualizing Memory as well Translate processor addresses

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MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

* Need another program → process

- Manage swap of running processes

- Decide what to run next

- Decide when to stop a process

* ...process manager/scheduler

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TIME-SLICED SHARING

* Simplest version:

- Run each process for 10,000 cycles

- Then swap to next process

- Looks like each of n process runs on a processor 1/n-th the speed of the real processor

* More sophisticated:

- Assign uneven time to processes

- Also change when process...

- waits for input

* What are cases where

- Uneven time appropriate?

- Valuable to switch on input?

REVIEW: KEY IDEA

** Can capture state of a processor

- All the information that defines the current point in the computation

- i.e. program counter, data and instruction memory...

** Can save that in memory

- A different memory from what the process sees

- (could be different range of addresses)

** State fully represents the running program

** Can restore that from memory to the processor

** Can save/restore without affecting the functional behavior of the program

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LAB 9

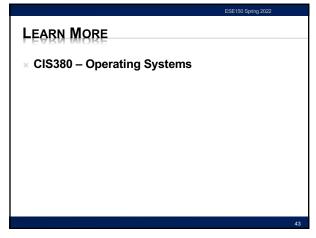
* Explore Linux OS and processes on Linux

- See processes sharing processors

- Lab available now

Virtualize hardware
 Identify state; save/restore from memory
 Program view: owns complete machine
 Allows programs to share limited physical hardware (e.g. processor)
 Provide illusion of unlimited hardware
 Operating System is the program that manages this sharing

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REMEMBER

* Feedback

* Lab 8 tonight