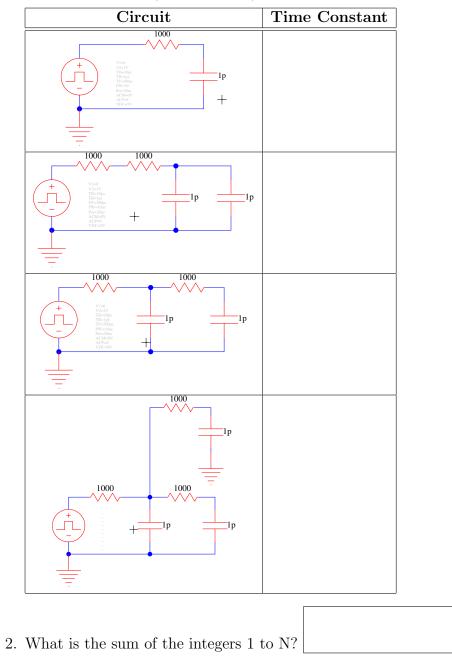
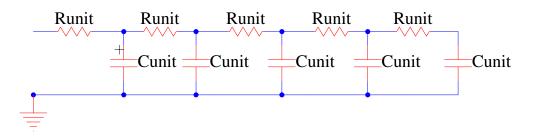
1. What is the delay (time constant) associated with each of the following?



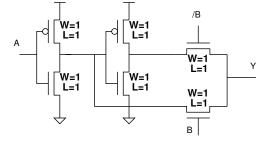
3. Delay of length N RC-ladder (length 5 shown)?



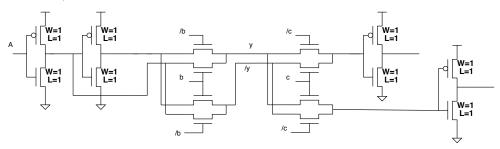
4. How does the above (problem 3) result compare to treating the R's and C's as lumped

(all C's following the Rs)?

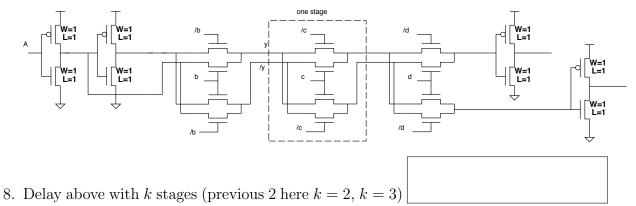
5. Delay driving A input of a copy of itself (A=1, B=0)



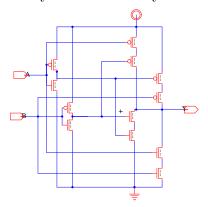
6. Delay from inverter shown on left to (but not including) inverter shown on right (A=1, B=C=0)



7. Delay from inverter shown on left to (but not including) inverter shown on right (A=1, B=C=D=0)

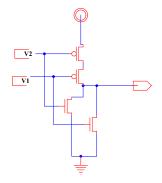


9. Delay when loaded by the A input of an identical xor2 gate.



For the remaining preclass we are going to analyze the worst case delays for a nor2 and nand2 gate with  $C_{diff} \neq 0$ . Assume each gate has minimum size transistors and is loaded with an identical gate.

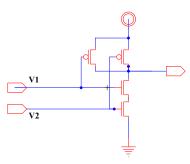
10. First we will look at the CMOS NOR2 gate.



- (a) What is the input switching case for the nor2 worst case rise time (i.e. pull-up delay)?
- (b) What is the equivalent RC circuit? What is the  $\tau$  estimate delay?

- (c) What is the input switching case for the nor2 worst case fall time (i.e. pull-down delay)?
- (d) What is the equivalent RC circuit? What is the  $\tau$  estimate delay?

11. Next we will look at the CMOS NAND2 gate.



- (a) What is the input switching case for the nand2 worst case rise time (i.e. pull-up delay)?
- (b) What is the equivalent RC circuit? What is the  $\tau$  estimate delay?

- (c) What is the input switching case for the nand2 worst case fall time (i.e. pull-down delay)?
- (d) What is the equivalent RC circuit? What is the  $\tau$  estimate delay?