## ESE 531: Digital Signal Processing

Lec 1: January 17, 2019 Introduction and Overview

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## **Penn**

## Lecture Outline

- Course Topics Overview
- Learning Objectives
- □ Course Structure
- Course Policies
- □ Course Content
- What is DSP?
- DSP Examples

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## Course Topics Overview

- □ Discrete-Time (DT) Signals
- □ Time-Domain Analysis of DT Systems
- □ Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT)
- □ Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
- □ Discrete-Time Fourier Transform (DTFT)
- □ z-Transform
- Sampling of Continuous Time Signals
- Data Converters and Modulation
- Upsampling/Downsampling
- Discrete-Time Filter Design

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## Learning Objectives

- □ Learn the fundamentals of digital signal processing
- Provide an understanding of discrete-time signals and systems and digital filters
- Enable you to apply DSP concepts to a wide range of fields
- Gain the ability to read the technical literature on DSP
- Apply the techniques learned in a final project encompassing many different application types

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## Learning Objectives

- □ In other words...
  - □ Math, Math, Math\*

\*With MATLAB application for intuition

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### Course Structure

- □ TR Lecture, 4:30-6:00pm in DRLB A2
  - Start 5 minutes after, end 5 minutes early (~75-80min)
- □ Website (http://www.seas.upenn.edu/~ese531/)
  - Course calendar is used for all handouts (lectures slides, assignments, and readings)
  - Canvas used for assignment submission and grades
  - Piazza used for announcements and discussions

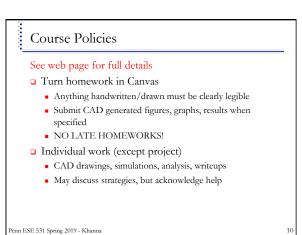
## Course Staff (complete info on course website) Instructor: Tania Khanna Office hours – Wednesday 2-4 pm or by appointment Email: taniak@seas.upenn.edu Best way to reach me TAs: Taishan Li Office hours – WF 10am-11:30am in TBD Mingxuan Sun Office hours – TTh 3-4:30pm in TBD

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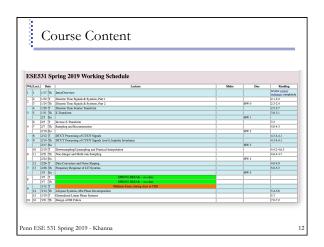
# Course Structure Lectures Statistically speaking, you will do better if you come to lecture Better if interactive, everyone engaged Asking and answering questions Actively thinking about material Textbook A. V. Oppenheim and R. W. Schafer (with J. R. Buck), Discrete-Time Signal Processing. 3rd. Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2010 Class will follow text structure... mostly

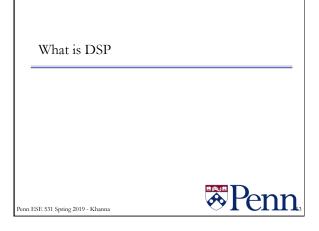
Course Structure - Assignments/Exams

Homework - one week long (9 total)\* [25%]
Due Sundays at midnight
Combination of book problems and matlab problems
Lowest grade dropped
Project - two weeks long [30%]
Work in pairs
Combination of different DSP applications
Midterm exam [20%]
Final exam [25%]

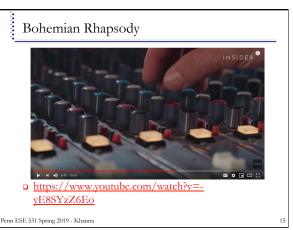


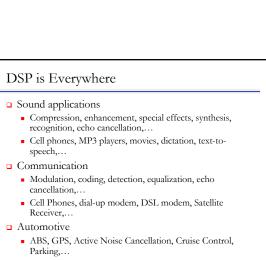
Course Content Introduction □ Frequency Response of LTI □ Discrete Time Signals & Systems Systems □ Signal Flow Representation □ Discrete Time Fourier Transform Basic Structures for IIR and FIR Z-Transform Design of IIR and FIR Filters □ Inverse Z-Transform Butterworth, Chebyshev, and Sampling of Continuous Time Elliptic Filters Signals Filter Banks Frequency Domain of Discrete □ Adaptive Filters Downsampling/Upsampling Computation of the Discrete Fourier Transform Data Converters, Sigma Delta □ Fast Fourier Transform Modulation Penn ESE 531 Spring 2019 - Khanna











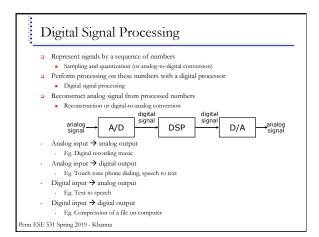
# DSP is Everywhere (con't) Medical Magnetic Resonance, Tomography, Electrocardiogram, Biometric Monitoring... Military Radar, Sonar, Space photographs, remote sensing,... Image and Video Applications DVD, JPEG, Movie special effects, video conferencing... Mechanical Motor control, process control, oil and mineral prospecting,...

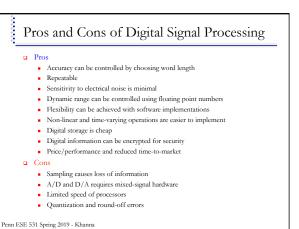
# Signal Processing Humans are the most advanced signal processors speech and pattern recognition, speech synthesis,... We encounter many types of signals in various applications Electrical signals: voltage, current, magnetic and electric fields,... Mechanical signals: velocity, force, displacement,... Acoustic signals: sound, vibration,... Other signals: pressure, temperature, biometrics... Most real-world signals are analog They are continuous in time and amplitude Convert to voltage or currents using sensors and transducers

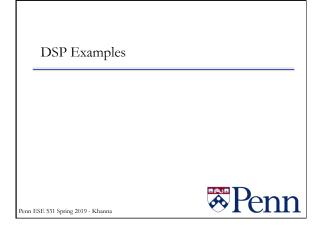
## Signal Processing (con't) Analog circuits process these signals using Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Amplifiers,... Analog signal processing examples Audio processing in FM radios Video processing in traditional TV sets

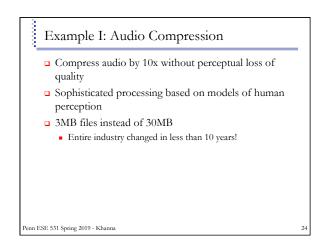
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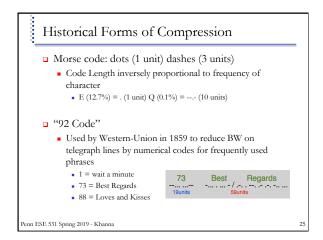
## Limitations of Analog Signal Processing Accuracy limitations due to Component tolerances Undesired nonlinearities Limited repeatability due to Tolerances Changes in environmental conditions Temperature Vibration Sensitivity to electrical noise Limited dynamic range for voltage and currents Inflexibility to changes Difficulty of implementing certain operations Nonlinear operations Time-varying operations Difficulty of storing information

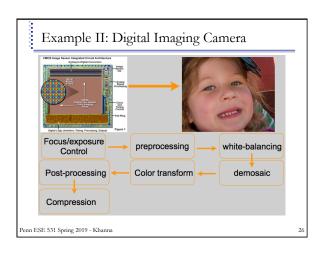


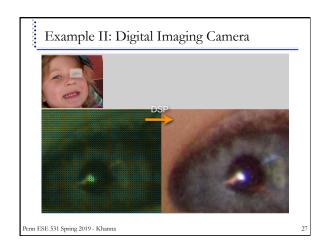


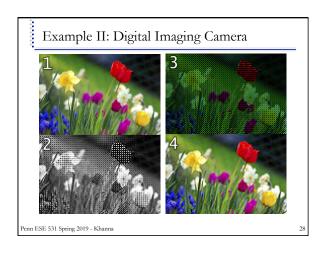


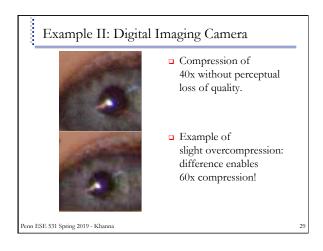


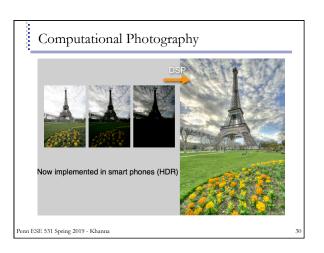


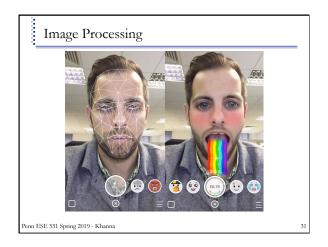




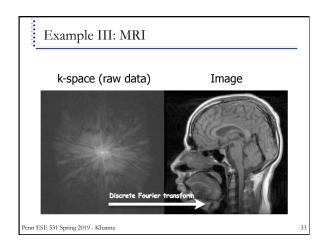


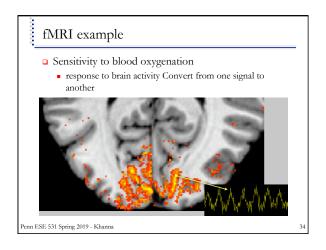


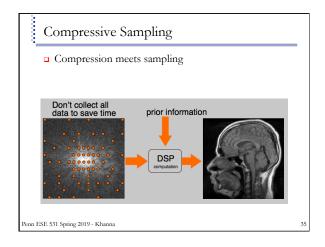


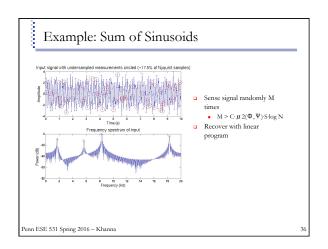




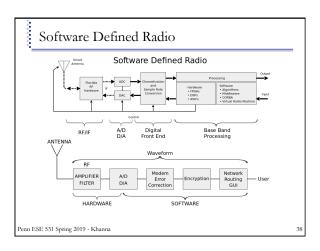


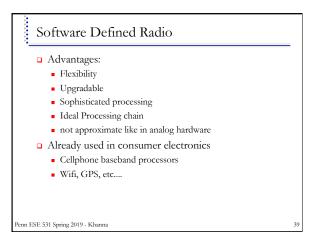


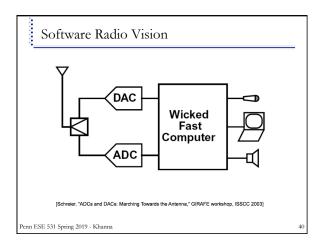


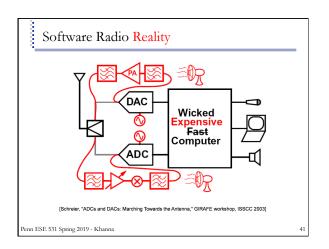


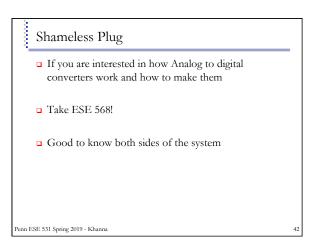
# Example IV: Software Defined Radio Traditional radio: Hardware receiver/mixers/demodulators/filtering Outputs analog signals or digital bits Software Defined Radio: Uses RF front end for baseband signal High speed ADC digitizes samples All processing chain done in software











## Future of ADC design

- □ Today's ADCs are extremely well optimized
- □ For non-incremental improvements, we must explore new ideas in signal processing that tackle ADC inefficiency at the system level
  - Compressed sensing
  - Finite innovation rate sampling
  - Other ideas?

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## Filter Design Example



## Optimal Filter Design

- Window method
  - Design Filters heuristically using windowed sinc functions
- Optimal design
  - Design a filter h[n] with  $H(e^{j\omega})$
  - Approximate  $H_d(e^{j\omega})$  with some optimality criteria or satisfies specs.

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## FIR Design by Windowing

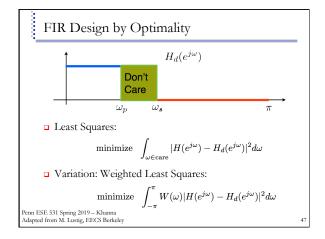
Desired filter,

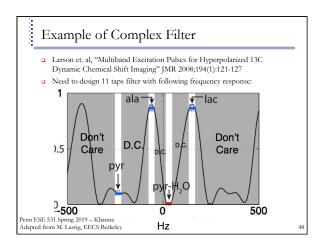
$$H(e^{j\omega}) = H_d(e^{j\omega}) * W(e^{j\omega})$$

□ For Boxcar (rectangular) window

$$W(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j\omegarac{M}{2}}rac{\sin(w(M+1)/2)}{\sin(w/2)}$$
 $H_d(e^{j\omega})$ 

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## Admin

- $\hfill \Box$  Find web, get text, start HW 0 and assigned reading...

  - http://www.seas.upenn.edu/~ese531
     https://piazza.com/upenn/spring2019/ese531/
     https://canvas.upenn.edu/
- □ Remaining Questions?