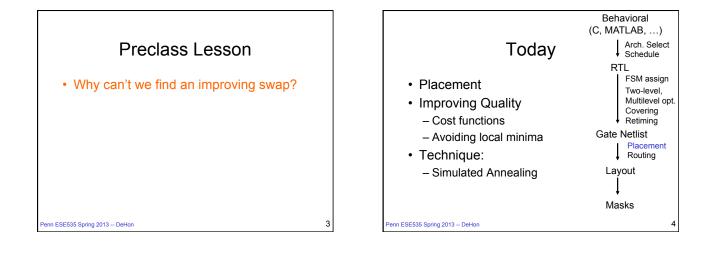
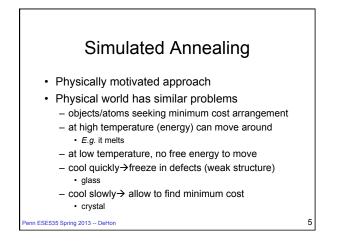
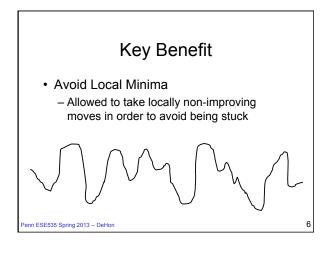
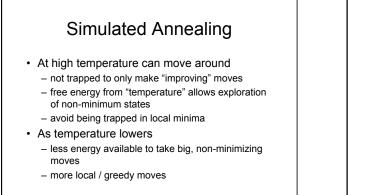
ESE535: Preclass **Electronic Design Automation** Squared wirelength for top placement? Squared wirelength for bottom placement? Day 10: February 18, 2013 • Number of swaps? Placement II Squared wirelength after swap for each (Simulated Annealing) of these cases? - Sample from class - (everyone assigned 1 or 2) enn enn ESE535 Spring 2013 – DeHon Penn ESE535 Spring 2013 -- DeHon









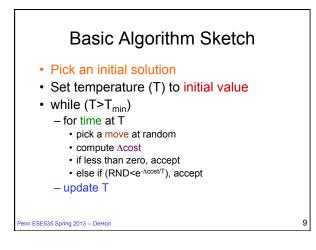


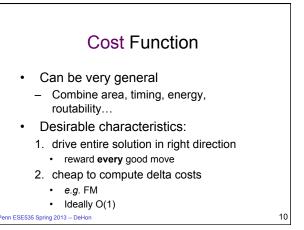
Design Optimization

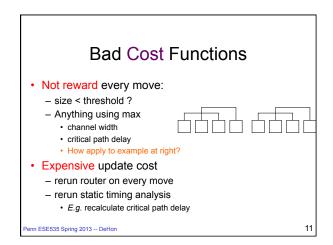
Components:

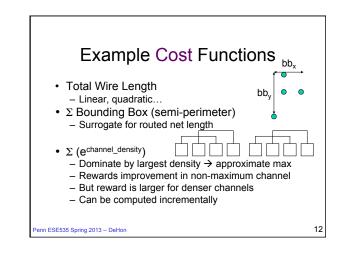
- 1. "Energy" (Cost) function to minimize
 - represent entire state, drives system forward
- 2. Moves
 - local rearrangement/transformation of solution
- 3. Cooling schedule
 - initial temperature
 - temperature steps (sequence)
 - time at each temperature

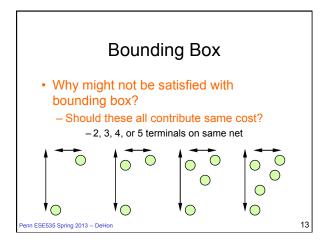
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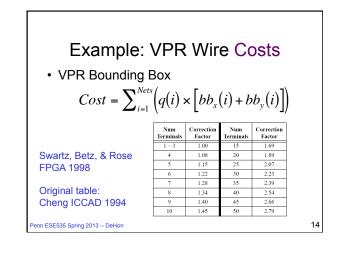






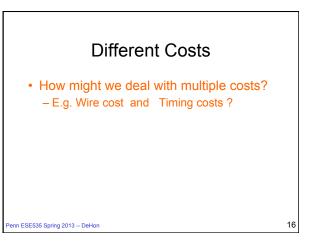


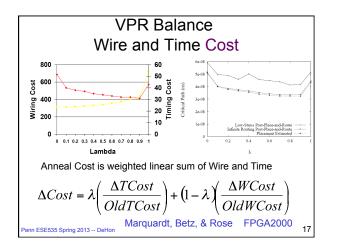


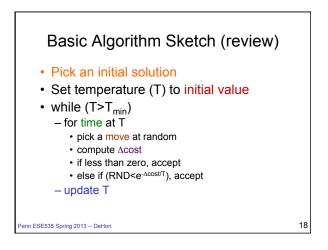


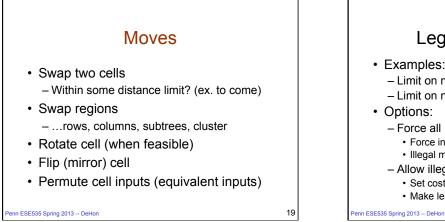
Example: VPR Timing Costs • Criticality(e)=1-Slack(e)/Dmax • TCost(e)=Delay(e)*Criticality(e)^{CriticalityExp} • Keep all edge delays in a table • Recompute Net Criticality at each Temperature Marquardt, Betz, & Rose

FPGA2000 In ESE535 Spring 2013 -- DeHon











Basic Algorithm Sketch (review)
Pick an initial solution
Set temperature (T) to initial value
while (T>T_{min})
for time at T
pick a move at random
compute Acost
il less than zero, accept
else if (RND<e^{-Acost/T}), accept
update T

