## Data Structures and Algorithms (EE 220): Homework 2

Submit to Ms. Spanner before 10am on Feb 13 Email your programs to PA before the class on  $13^{th}$  Feb

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**Problem 1:** (5 pts) Rank the following 5 functions by order of growth; that is, find an arrangement  $f_1(n)$ ,  $f_2(n)$ ,  $f_3(n)$ ,  $f_4(n)$  and  $f_5(n)$  satisfying  $f_1(n) = O(f_2(n))$ ,  $f_2(n) = O(f_3(n)), \ldots, f_4(n) = O(f_5(n))$ . The functions are as follows:

- 1.  $\log(n!)$
- $2. \log^2(n)$
- 3.  $\log(\log n)$
- 4.  $(\log(n))^{\log(n)}$
- 5.  $e^{\log(n)}$

**Problem 2:** (5 pts) f(n) and g(n) are asymptotically positive functions.

1. Prove that the following relation is *not* true.

$$f(n) + g(n) = \Theta(\min\{f(n), g(n)\}).$$

- 2. Prove or disprove the following relations.
  - (a) f(n) = O(g(n)) implies  $\log(f(n)) = O(\log(g(n)))$ , where  $\log(g(n)) > 0$  and  $f(n) \ge 1$  for all sufficiently large n.
  - (b)  $f(n) = \Theta(f(\frac{n}{2}))$ .

Problem 3: (5 pts) Use iteration to solve the following recurrence.

$$T(n) = T(n-a) + T(a) + n,$$

where  $a \geq 1$  is a constant.

Note: Please do not use Master Theorem.

**Problem 4:** (10 pts) This Problem is a variation of subsequence sum problem discussed in the class. Consider two lists (stored in the arrays)  $LIST_1$  and  $LIST_2$  sorted in the ascending order, each of length n and m, respectively. Now, append  $LIST_1$  by  $LIST_2$ , which will give us a list of length n+m. Aim is to find the maximum subsequence sum of the newly obtained list for the following case. Total number of positive numbers in the lists  $LIST_1$  and  $LIST_2$  are  $O(\sqrt{n})$  and  $O(\sqrt{m})$ , respectively and m is much smaller than n.

Prove the correctness of your solution and analyze the complexity. Grades will depend on the correctness and the efficiency of the solution.

**Programming Assignment (15 pts)** The objective of this assignment is to test the running time of your algorithm for the large input size. Fix m = 100 and vary n from 1000 to 100,000 in the step of 1000. Each time for  $LIST_1$  make the last  $\sqrt{n}$  elements equal to 1 and remaining elements equal to -1. Similarly, for  $LIST_2$  make last  $\sqrt{m}$  elements 10 and the remaining -1. Plot the runtime of your algorithm as a function of parameter n. Does your plot resemble the function you would expect? (If you wish, also plot the function that you would expect, so that the comparison becomes easy.)